# Chemical Safety Data Sheet MSDS / SDS

# 1,2-DIFLUOROTETRACHLOROETHANE

Revision Date:2023-05-06 Revision Number:1

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

# **Product identifier**

Product name	: 1,2-DIFLUOROTETRACHLOROETHANE	
CBnumber	: CB0274986	
CAS	: 76-12-0	
EINECS Number	: 200-935-6	
Synonyms	: CFC-112,1,1,2,2-TETRACHLORO-1,2-DIFLUOROETHANE	
Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against		
Relevant identified uses	: For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.	
Uses advised against	: none	
Company Identification		
Company	: Chemicalbook	
Address	: Building 1, Huihuang International, Shangdi 10th Street, Haidian District, Beijing	
Telephone	: 400-158-6606	

# SECTION 2: Hazards identification

# Classification of the substance or mixture

Hazardous to the ozone layer, Category 1

#### Label elements

Pictogram(s)

Signal word

Warning

#### Hazard statement(s)

H420 Harms public health and the environment by destroying ozone in the upper atmosphere

# Precautionary statement(s)

#### Prevention

none

#### Response

none

# Storage

none

### Disposal

P502 Refer to manufacturer or supplier for information on recovery or recycling

# Other hazards

no data available

# SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### Substance

Product name	: 1,2-DIFLUOROTETRACHLOROETHANE
Synonyms	: CFC-112,1,1,2,2-TETRACHLORO-1,2-DIFLUOROETHANE
CAS	: 76-12-0
EC number	: 200-935-6
MF	: C2Cl4F2
MW	: 203.83

# SECTION 4: First aid measures

# Description of first aid measures

#### lf inhaled

Fresh air, rest. Half-upright position. Artificial respiration may be needed. Refer for medical attention. See Notes.

#### Following skin contact

Rinse and then wash skin with water and soap.

#### Following eye contact

First rinse with plenty of water for several minutes (remove contact lenses if easily possible), then refer for medical attention.

### Following ingestion

Rinse mouth.

#### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

no data available

## Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

no data available

# SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

# **Extinguishing media**

Use dry chemical, carbon dioxide or alcohol-resistant foam.

# **Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical**

Not combustible. Gives off irritating or toxic fumes (or gases) in a fire.

# Advice for firefighters

In case of fire in the surroundings, use appropriate extinguishing media.

# SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Sweep spilled substance into covered containers. If appropriate, moisten first to prevent dusting. Carefully collect remainder. Then store and dispose of according to local regulations. Do NOT let this chemical enter the environment.

#### **Environmental precautions**

Prevent further spillage or leakage if it is safe to do so. Do not let the chemical enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Collect and arrange disposal. Keep the chemical in suitable and closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use sparkproof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Adhered or collected material should be promptly disposed of, in accordance with appropriate laws and regulations.

# SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Handling in a well ventilated place. Wear suitable protective clothing. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Use non-sparking tools. Prevent fire caused by electrostatic discharge steam.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

See Chemical Dangers. Well closed.

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational Exposure limit values**

TLV: 50 ppm as TWA.MAK: 1700 mg/m3, 200 ppm; peak limitation category: II(2); pregnancy risk group: D

# Biological limit values

no data available

## Exposure controls

Ensure adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Set up emergency exits and the riskelimination area.

## Individual protection measures

# Eye/face protection

Wear safety spectacles.

### Skin protection

Protective gloves.

#### **Respiratory protection**

Use ventilation, local exhaust or breathing protection.

#### Thermal hazards

no data available

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

# Information on basic physicochemical properties

Physical state	Colorless solid or liquid
Colour	no data available
Odour	no data available
Melting point/freezing point	24°C
Boiling point or initial boiling point and	92.8°C
boiling range	
Flammability	no data available
Lower and upper explosion	no data available
limit/flammability limit	
Flash point	no data available
Auto-ignition temperature	no data available
Decomposition temperature	no data available
pH	no data available
Kinematic viscosity	no data available
Solubility	Soluble in alcohol, chloroform, and ether (Weast, 1986). Miscible in many halogenated
	hydrocarbons, e.g., chloroform, caterbon tetrachloride, etc.
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	no data available
Vapour pressure	45.8 at 25 °C (Boublik et al., 1984)
Density and/or relative density	1.63
Relative vapour density	no data available
Particle characteristics	no data available

# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

# Reactivity

no data available

# **Chemical stability**

no data available

### Possibility of hazardous reactions

Decomposes on contact with hot surfaces or flames. This produces toxic fumes including hydrogen chloride, hydrogen fluoride and phosgene. Reacts with alkali metals, powdered aluminium, magnesium and zinc. Attacks plastics, rubber and coatings.

#### Conditions to avoid

no data available

### Incompatible materials

no data available

# Hazardous decomposition products

no data available

# SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### Acute toxicity

- Oral: no data available
- Inhalation: no data available
- Dermal: no data available

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

no data available

#### Serious eye damage/irritation

no data available

#### Respiratory or skin sensitization

no data available

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

no data available

### Carcinogenicity

no data available

#### Reproductive toxicity

no data available

# STOT-single exposure

The substance is mildly irritating to the eyes, respiratory tract and skin. Inhalation of high levels may cause lung oedema. See Notes. The substance may cause effects on the cardiovascular system and central nervous system. This may result in cardiac disorders and central nervous system depression. Exposure could cause lowering of consciousness.

#### STOT-repeated exposure

no data available

### Aspiration hazard

A harmful contamination of the air will be reached rather slowly on evaporation of this substance at 20°C.

# SECTION 12: Ecological information

### Toxicity

Toxicity to fish: no data available Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: no data available Toxicity to algae: no data available Toxicity to microorganisms: no data available

#### Persistence and degradability

no data available

**Bioaccumulative potential** 

no data available

### Mobility in soil

no data available

#### Other adverse effects

no data available

# SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### **Disposal methods**

#### Product

The material can be disposed of by removal to a licensed chemical destruction plant or by controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing. Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal. Do not discharge to sewer systems.

#### Contaminated packaging

Containers can be triply rinsed (or equivalent) and offered for recycling or reconditioning. Alternatively, the packaging can be punctured to make it unusable for other purposes and then be disposed of in a sanitary landfill. Controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing is possible for combustible packaging materials.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

### **UN Number**

ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

IMDG: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

IATA: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

#### **UN Proper Shipping Name**

ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.) IMDG: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.) IATA: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

## Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.) IMDG: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.) IATA: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

### Packing group, if applicable

ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.) IMDG: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.) IATA: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

### **Environmental hazards**

ADR/RID: No IMDG: No IATA: No

# Special precautions for user

no data available

#### Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

no data available

# SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS) Listed. EC Inventory Listed. United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory Listed. China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015 Not Listed. New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC) Listed. PICCS Not Listed. Vietnam National Chemical Inventory Not Listed. ECSC

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

### Abbreviations and acronyms

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods IATA: International Air Transportation Association TWA: Time Weighted Average STEL: Short term exposure limit LC50: Lethal Concentration 50% LD50: Lethal Dose 50% EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

#### References

IPCS - The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home

HSDB - Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: http://www.iarc.fr/

eChemPortal - The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website: http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index? pageID=0&request\_locale=en

CAMEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple

ChemlDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp

ERG - Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg

Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp

ECHA - European Chemicals Agency, website: https://echa.europa.eu/

#### **Other Information**

Do NOT use in the vicinity of a fire or a hot surface, or during welding. The symptoms of lung oedema often do not become manifest until a few hours have passed and they are aggravated by physical effort. Rest and medical observation are therefore essential.

**Disclaimer:** 

The information in this MSDS is only applicable to the specified product, unless otherwise specified, it is not applicable to the mixture of this product and other substances. This MSDS only provides information on the safety of the product for those who have received the appropriate professional training for the user of the product. Users of this MSDS must make independent judgments on the applicability of this SDS. The authors of this MSDS will not be held responsible for any harm caused by the use of this MSDS.