# Chemical Safety Data Sheet MSDS / SDS

# 1,4-Dichlorobutane

Revision Date:2025-02-01 Revision Number:1

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

# **Product identifier**

Product name	: 1,4-Dichlorobutane					
CBnumber	: CB4852812					
CAS	: 110-56-5					
EINECS Number	: 203-778-1					
Synonyms	: 1,4-DICHLOROBUTANE, dichlorobutane					
Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against						
Relevant identified uses	: For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.					
Uses advised against	: none					
Company Identification						
Company	: Chemicalbook					
Address	: Building 1, Huihuang International, Shangdi 10th Street, Haidian District, Beijing					
Telephone	: 010-86108875					

# SECTION 2: Hazards identification

# Classification of the substance or mixture

Flammable liquids, Category 3

#### Label elements

#### Pictogram(s)

Signal word

Danger

Hazard statement(s)

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour

H315 Causes skin irritation

H319 Causes serious eye irritation

H335 May cause respiratory irritation

H370 Causes damage to organs

H402 Harmful to aquatic life

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary statement(s)

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P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P311 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off Immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse SKIN with water/shower.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continuerinsing.

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P501 Dispose of contents/container to.....

#### Prevention

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion-proof [electrical/ventilating/lighting/...] equipment.

P242 Use non-sparking tools.

P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection/...

#### Response

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse affected areas with water [or shower].

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use ... to extinguish.

#### Storage

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

#### Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product characteristics at time of disposal.

#### Other hazards

no data available

# SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

# Substance

Product name	: 1,4-Dichlorobutane
Synonyms	: 1,4-DICHLOROBUTANE,dichlorobutane
CAS	: 110-56-5
EC number	: 203-778-1
MF	: C4H8Cl2

# SECTION 4: First aid measures

## Description of first aid measures

#### lf inhaled

Move the victim into fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration and consult a doctor immediately.

Do not use mouth to mouth resuscitation if the victim ingested or inhaled the chemical.

#### Following skin contact

Take off contaminated clothing immediately. Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a doctor.

#### Following eye contact

Rinse with pure water for at least 15 minutes. Consult a doctor.

#### **Following ingestion**

Rinse mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a doctor or Poison Control Center immediately.

#### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

ACUTE/CHRONIC HAZARDS: Irritant. (NTP, 1992)

#### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

no data available

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### **Extinguishing media**

A fire in your laboratory involving this chemical should be extinguished with a dry chemical, carbon dioxide or halon extinguisher. (NTP, 1992)

# **Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical**

Excerpt from ERG Guide 128 [Flammable Liquids (Water-Immiscible)]: HIGHLY FLAMMABLE: Will be easily ignited by heat, sparks or flames. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Most vapors are heavier than air. They will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Vapor explosion hazard indoors, outdoors or in sewers. Those substances designated with a (P) may polymerize explosively when heated or involved in a fire. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. Containers may explode when heated. Many liquids are lighter than water. Substance may be transported hot. For hybrid vehicles, ERG Guide 147 (lithium ion batteries) or ERG Guide 138 (sodium batteries) should also be consulted. If molten aluminum is involved, refer to ERG Guide 169. (ERG, 2016)

### Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

### **NFPA 704**



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HEALTH	3	Short exposure could cause serious temporary or moderate residual injury (e.g. <u>liquid hydrogen, sulfuric acid</u> , <u>calcium</u> <u>hypochlorite</u> , hexafluorosilicic acid)
FIRE	2	Must be moderately heated or exposed to relatively high ambient temperature before ignition can occur and multiple finely divided suspended solids that do not require heating before ignition can occur. Flash point between 37.8 and 93.3 °C (100 and 200 °F). (e.g. diesel fuel, <u>sulfur</u> )
REACT	0	Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and is not reactive with water (e.g. helium, N2)
SPEC. HAZ.		

# SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

# Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing mist, gas or vapours. Avoid contacting with skin and eye. Use personal protective equipment. Wear chemical impermeable gloves. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

# **Environmental precautions**

Prevent further spillage or leakage if it is safe to do so. Do not let the chemical enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

# Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Collect and arrange disposal. Keep the chemical in suitable and closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use sparkproof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Adhered or collected material should be promptly disposed of, in accordance with appropriate laws and regulations.

# SECTION 7: Handling and storage

# Precautions for safe handling

Handling in a well ventilated place. Wear suitable protective clothing. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Use non-sparking tools. Prevent fire caused by electrostatic discharge steam.

# Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store the container tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store apart from foodstuff containers or incompatible materials.

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

# **Control parameters**

### **Occupational Exposure limit values**

no data available

### **Biological limit values**

no data available

### **Exposure controls**

Ensure adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Set up emergency exits and the riskelimination area.

### Individual protection measures

#### Eye/face protection

Wear tightly fitting safety goggles with side-shields conforming to EN 166(EU) or NIOSH (US).

#### Skin protection

Wear fire/flame resistant and impervious clothing. Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Wash and dry hands. The

selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

#### **Respiratory protection**

If the exposure limits are exceeded, irritation or other symptoms are experienced, use a full-face respirator.

#### Thermal hazards

no data available

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

# Information on basic physicochemical properties

Physical state	Liquid
Colour	Clear
Odour	no data available
Melting point/freezing point	Ca37.3 °C. Remarks:Reliabale Literature source.
Boiling point or initial boiling point and	Ca. 155 °C. Atm. press.:1 013 hPa. Remarks:Reliable Literature used.
boiling range	
Flammability	no data available
Lower and upper explosion	1.8-8.9%(V)
limit/flammability limit	
Flash point	Ca. 52 °C.
Auto-ignition temperature	Ca. 220. Remarks:DIN 51794.
Decomposition temperature	no data available
рН	7.3 (H2O, 20℃)
Kinematic viscosity	no data available
Solubility	2.4g/l
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	log Pow = Ca. 2.81. Remarks:PH not reportable.
Vapour pressure	5 hPa (20 °C)
Density and/or relative density	Ca. 1.14 g/cm3. Temperature:20 °C.
Relative vapour density	4.4 (NTP, 1992) (Relative to Air)

# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

# Reactivity

Highly flammable. Insoluble in water.

#### **Chemical stability**

no data available

#### Possibility of hazardous reactions

Halogenated aliphatic compounds, such as 1,4-DICHLOROBUTANE, are moderately or very reactive. Halogenated organics generally become less reactive as more of their hydrogen atoms are replaced with halogen atoms. Materials in this group may be incompatible with strong oxidizing and reducing agents. Also, they may be incompatible with many amines, nitrides, azo/diazo compounds, alkali metals, and epoxides. This compound can react vigorously with oxidizing materials. (NTP, 1992)

### Conditions to avoid

no data available

#### Incompatible materials

no data available

# Hazardous decomposition products

no data available

# SECTION 11: Toxicological information

#### Acute toxicity

- Oral: LD50 rat 3 420 mg/kg bw.
- Inhalation: no data available
- Dermal: LD50 rabbit > 200 mg/kg bw.

### Skin corrosion/irritation

no data available

### Serious eye damage/irritation

no data available

### Respiratory or skin sensitization

no data available

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

no data available

# Carcinogenicity

no data available

# **Reproductive toxicity**

no data available

### STOT-single exposure

no data available

#### STOT-repeated exposure

no data available

# Aspiration hazard

no data available

# SECTION 12: Ecological information

# Toxicity

Toxicity to fish: LC50 - Pimephales promelas - 51.6 mg/L - 96 h.

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: no data available

Toxicity to algae: EC10 - Desmodesmus subspicatus (previous name: Scenedesmus subspicatus) - 38 mg/L - 24 h.

Toxicity to microorganisms: EC10 - activated sludge - 56 mg/L - 24 h.

#### Persistence and degradability

no data available

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

no data available

#### Mobility in soil

no data available

# Other adverse effects

no data available

# SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

# **Disposal methods**

#### Product

The material can be disposed of by removal to a licensed chemical destruction plant or by controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing. Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal. Do not discharge to sewer systems.

#### **Contaminated packaging**

Containers can be triply rinsed (or equivalent) and offered for recycling or reconditioning. Alternatively, the packaging can be punctured to

make it unusable for other purposes and then be disposed of in a sanitary landfill. Controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing is possible for combustible packaging materials.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

### **UN Number**

ADR/RID: UN1993 (For reference only, please check.) IMDG: UN1993 (For reference only, please check.) IATA: UN1993 (For reference only, please check.)

### **UN Proper Shipping Name**

ADR/RID: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (For reference only, please check.) IMDG: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (For reference only, please check.) IATA: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (For reference only, please check.)

#### Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: 3 (For reference only, please check.) IMDG: 3 (For reference only, please check.) IATA: 3 (For reference only, please check.)

### Packing group, if applicable

ADR/RID: I (For reference only, please check.) IMDG: I (For reference only, please check.) IATA: I (For reference only, please check.)

### **Environmental hazards**

ADR/RID: No IMDG: No IATA: No

#### Special precautions for user

no data available

# Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

no data available

# SECTION 15: Regulatory information

# Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

#### European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)

Listed.

### **EC Inventory**

Listed.

United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory
Listed.
China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015
Listed.
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)
Listed.
PICCS
Listed.
Vietnam National Chemical Inventory
Listed.
IECSC
Listed.
Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL)
Listed.

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### Abbreviations and acronyms

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transportation Association

TWA: Time Weighted Average

STEL: Short term exposure limit

LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%

LD50: Lethal Dose 50%

EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

#### References

IPCS - The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home

HSDB - Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: http://www.iarc.fr/

eChemPortal - The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website: http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index? pageID=0&request\_locale=en

CAMEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple

ChemlDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp

ERG - Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg

Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp

ECHA - European Chemicals Agency, website: https://echa.europa.eu/

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