

## Chemical Safety Data Sheet MSDS / SDS

## 1,4-DIOXANE-D8

Revision Date:2026-05-31 Revision Number:1

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

**Product identifier**

Product name : 1,4-DIOXANE-D8  
CBnumber : CB6722111  
CAS : 17647-74-4  
EINECS Number : 241-628-7  
Synonyms : 1,4-Dioxane-d8,2,2,3,3,5,5,6,6-octadeuterio-1,4-dioxane

**Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**

Relevant identified uses : For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.  
Uses advised against : none

**Company Identification**

Company : Chemicalbook  
Address : Building 1, Huihuang International, Shangdi 10th Street, Haidian District, Beijing  
Telephone : 010-86108875

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

**GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements**

Symbol(GHS)



Signal word

Danger

**Precautionary statements**

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continuerinsing.

P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. — No smoking.

**Hazard statements**

H225 Highly Flammable liquid and vapour

H319 Causes serious eye irritation

H335 May cause respiratory irritation

H351 Suspected of causing cancer

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## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### Substance

Product name	: 1,4-DIOXANE-D8
Synonyms	: 1,4-Dioxane-d8,2,2,2,3,3,3,5,5,6,6-octadeuterio-1,4-dioxane
CAS	: 17647-74-4
EC number	: 241-628-7
MF	: C4D8O2
MW	: 96.15

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## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1 Description of first-aid measures

#### General advice

Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

#### If inhaled

After inhalation: fresh air. Call in physician.

#### In case of skin contact

In case of skin contact: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower. Consult a physician.

#### In case of eye contact

After eye contact: rinse out with plenty of water. Call in ophthalmologist. Remove contact lenses.

#### If swallowed

After swallowing: immediately make victim drink water (two glasses at most). Consult a physician.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2) and/or in section 11

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

### 4.4 Notes to physician

No data available

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## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Water Foam Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) Dry powder

### Unsuitable extinguishing media

For this substance/mixture no limitations of extinguishing agents are given.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Carbon oxides

Combustible.

Pay attention to flashback.

Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors.

Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapours possible in the event of fire.

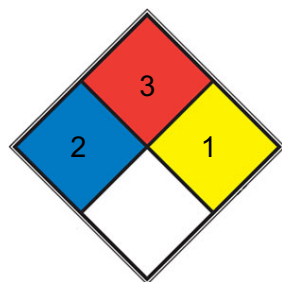
Forms explosive mixtures with air at ambient temperatures.

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Stay in danger area only with self-contained breathing apparatus. Prevent skin contact by keeping a safe distance or by wearing suitable protective clothing.

Remove container from danger zone and cool with water. Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

### NFPA 704



HEALTH 2 Intense or continued but not chronic exposure could cause temporary incapacitation or possible residual injury (e.g. [diethyl ether](#), ammonium phosphate, iodine)

FIRE 3 Liquids and solids (including finely divided suspended solids) that can be ignited under almost all ambient temperature conditions. Liquids having a flash point below 22.8 °C (73 °F) and having a boiling point at or above 37.8 °C (100 °F) or having a flash point between 22.8 and 37.8 °C (73 and 100 °F). (e.g. gasoline, [acetone](#))

REACT 1 Normally stable, but can become unstable at elevated temperatures and pressures (e.g. [propene](#))

SPEC.

HAZ.

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## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Advice for non-emergency personnel: Do not breathe vapors, aerosols. Avoid substance contact. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Evacuate the danger area, observe emergency procedures, consult an expert.

For personal protection see section 8.

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Risk of explosion.

### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Cover drains. Collect, bind, and pump off spills. Observe possible material restrictions (see sections 7 and 10). Take up carefully with liquid-absorbent material (e.g.

Chemizorb®). Dispose of properly. Clean up affected area.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

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## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

#### Advice on safe handling

Work under hood. Do not inhale substance/mixture. Avoid generation of vapours/aerosols.

#### Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

#### Hygiene measures

Immediately change contaminated clothing. Apply preventive skin protection. Wash hands and face after working with substance.

For precautions see section 2.2.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

#### Storage conditions

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Keep locked up or in an area accessible only to qualified or authorized persons.

Test for peroxide formation periodically and before distillation.

#### Storage class

Storage class (TRGS 510): 3: Flammable liquids

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## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Ingredients with workplace control parameters

['Component', 'CAS-No.', 'Value', 'Control parameters', 'Basis']	['Octadeuterodioxane', '17647-74-4', 'PC-TWA', '70 mg/m3', 'Occupational exposure limits for hazardous agents in the workplace - Chemical hazardous agents.']	['', 'Remarks', 'G2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans Skin', 'None, None']
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### 8.2 Exposure controls

#### Appropriate engineering controls

Immediately change contaminated clothing. Apply preventive skin protection. Wash hands and face after working with substance.

#### Personal protective equipment

##### Eye/face protection

Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU). Safety glasses

#### Skin protection

This recommendation applies only to the product stated in the safety data sheet, supplied by us and for the designated use. When dissolving in or mixing with other substances and under conditions deviating from those stated in EN374 please contact the supplier of CE-approved gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, Internet: [www.kcl.de](http://www.kcl.de)).

Full contact

Material: butyl-rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0.7 mm

Break through time: 480 min

Material tested: Butoject® (KCL 898)

This recommendation applies only to the product stated in the safety data sheet, supplied by us and for the designated use. When dissolving in or mixing with other substances and under conditions deviating from those stated in EN374 please contact the supplier of CE-approved gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, Internet: [www.kcl.de](http://www.kcl.de)).

Splash contact

Material: Viton®

Minimum layer thickness: 0.7 mm

Break through time: 120 min

Material tested: Vitoject® (KCL 890 / Aldrich Z677698, Size M)

#### Body Protection

Flame retardant antistatic protective clothing.

#### Respiratory protection

required when vapours/aerosols are generated. Our recommendations on filtering respiratory protection are based on the following standards: DIN EN 143, DIN 14387 and other accompanying standards relating to the used respiratory protection system.

#### Control of environmental exposure

Do not let product enter drains. Risk of explosion.

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## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### Information on basic physicochemical properties

a) Physical state	clear, liquid
b) Color	colorless
c) Odor	No data available
d) Melting point/freezing point	No data available
e) Initial boiling point and boiling range	99 °C - lit.
f) Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available
g) Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	No data available
h) Flash point	5 °C - closed cup
i) Autoignition temperature	No data available

j) Decomposition temperature	No data available
k) pH	No data available
l) Viscosity	Viscosity, kinematic: No data available Viscosity, dynamic: No data available
m) Water solubility	Miscible with water.
n) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	No data available
o) Vapor pressure	No data available
p) Density	1.129 g/cm <sup>3</sup> at 25 °C - lit.
Relative density	1.129 g/mL at 25 °C(lit.)
q) Relative vapor density	No data available
r) Particle characteristics	No data available
s) Explosive properties	No data available
t) Oxidizing properties	none

## 9.2 Other safety information

No data available

# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

## 10.1 Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable under standard ambient conditions (room temperature) .

## 10.2 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Risk of explosion with: triethylaluminium lithium aluminium hydride

Triethylamine

Boranes silver perchlorate

Oxygen

Nitric acid with perchloric acid

Raney-nickel with

Hydrogen

Risk of ignition or formation of flammable gases or vapours with: fire-promoting substances

Exothermic reaction with:

Oxidizing agents

Sulfur trioxide acids

## 10.3 Conditions to avoid

Avoid moisture. Heat.

Warming.

Moisture.

## 10.4 Incompatible materials

No data available

## 10.5 Hazardous decomposition products

Peroxides

In the event of fire: see section 5

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## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

LD50 Oral - Rat - male and female - 5,150 mg/kg (OECD Test Guideline 401)

Remarks: The value is given in analogy to the following substances: 1,4-Dioxane

Symptoms: mucosal irritations, Cough, Shortness of breath, Possible damages: damage of respiratory tract, Lung edema

LD50 Dermal - Rabbit - 7,378 mg/kg

Remarks: (RTECS)

The value is given in analogy to the following substances: 1,4-Dioxane

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin - Rabbit

Result: No skin irritation - 20 h

Remarks: (IUCLID)

Remarks: Classified according to Regulation (EU) 1272/2008, Annex VI (Table 3.1/3.2)

The value is given in analogy to the following substances: 1,4-Dioxane

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Eyes - Rabbit

Result: Eye irritation (OECD Test Guideline 405)

Remarks: The value is given in analogy to the following substances: 1,4-Dioxane

Remarks: (Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008, Annex VI)

#### Respiratory or skin sensitization

Maximization Test - Guinea pig

Result: negative (Regulation (EC) No. 440/2008, Annex, B.6)

Remarks: The value is given in analogy to the following substances: 1,4-Dioxane

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Test Type: Ames test

Test system: Salmonella typhimurium

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Remarks: The value is given in analogy to the following substances: 1,4-Dioxane Test Type:

In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Remarks: The value is given in analogy to the following substances: 1,4-Dioxane Test Type:

Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Result: negative

Remarks: (ECHA)

The value is given in analogy to the following substances: 1,4-Dioxane

Test Type: unscheduled DNA synthesis assay

Species: Rat

Cell type: Liver cells

Application Route: Oral

Result: negative

Remarks: (ECHA)

The value is given in analogy to the following substances: 1,4-Dioxane

### **Carcinogenicity**

Presumed to have carcinogenic potential for humans

### **Reproductive toxicity**

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

### **Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure**

May cause respiratory irritation. - Respiratory system

Remarks: Classified according to Regulation (EU) 1272/2008, Annex VI (Table 3.1/3.2)

The value is given in analogy to the following substances: 1,4-Dioxane

### **Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure**

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

### **Aspiration hazard**

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

## **11.2 Additional Information**

Repeated dose toxicity - Rat - male - Oral - 716 Days - NOAEL (No observed adverse effect level) - 9.6 mg/kg

Remarks: (ECHA)

The value is given in analogy to the following substances: 1,4-Dioxane

Nausea, Vomiting, Weakness, Dizziness, Vertigo, Headache, Sweating, loss of appetite,

Kidney injury may occur., Liver injury may occur.

To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated.

The substance has delayed effects.

After absorption:

Headache

Dizziness

Nausea

Vomiting

Absorption can result in damage to:

Liver

Kidney

Other dangerous properties can not be excluded.

This substance should be handled with particular care.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1 Toxicity

Toxicity to daphnia semi-static test EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - > 1,000 mg/l and other aquatic - 48 h invertebrates (OECD Test Guideline 202)

Remarks: The value is given in analogy to the following substances: 1,4-Dioxane

Toxicity to algae static test ErC50 - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae) - > 1,000 mg/l - 72 h (OECD Test Guideline 201)

Remarks: The value is given in analogy to the following substances: 1,4-Dioxane

Toxicity to flow-through test NOEC - Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) - > fish(Chronic toxicity) 103 mg/l - 32 d

Remarks: (ECHA)

The value is given in analogy to the following substances: 1,4-

Dioxane

Toxicity to daphnia NOEC - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 1,000 mg/l - 21 d and other aquatic (OECD Test Guideline 211)

invertebrates(Chronic Remarks: The value is given in analogy to the following substances: toxicity) 1,4-Dioxane

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability aerobic - Exposure time 29 d

Result: < 10 % - Not readily biodegradable.

(OECD Test Guideline 301F)

Remarks: The value is given in analogy to the following substances: 1,4-Dioxane

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation Cyprinus carpio (Carp) - 10 mg/l(Octadeuterodioxane)

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 0.3 - 0.7 (OECD Test Guideline 305C)

Remarks: The value is given in analogy to the following substances: 1,4-Dioxane

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT/vPvB assessment not available as chemical safety assessment not required/not conducted

### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

No data available

### 12.7 Other adverse effects

Forms toxic mixtures in water, dilution measures notwithstanding.

Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

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## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company.

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## SECTION 14: Transport information

### 14.1 UN number

ADR/RID: 1165

IMDG: 1165

IATA-DGR: 1165

### 14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR/RID: DIOXANE

IMDG: DIOXANE

IATA-DGR: Dioxane

### 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: 3

IMDG: 3

IATA-DGR: 3

### 14.4 Packaging group

ADR/RID: II

IMDG: II

IATA-DGR: II

### 14.5 Environmental hazards

ADR/RID: no

IMDG Marine pollutant: no

IATA-DGR: no

### 14.6 Special precautions for user

Based on chemical properties, choose appropriate tools and conditions of transport.

Transporting tools shall be equipped with appropriate and sufficient firefighting equipment and emergency leaking installations. If transporting by road, please go along the specified route.

### 14.7 Incompatible materials

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## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulatory information

Law on the Prevention and Control of Occupational Diseases

Regulations on Safety Management of Hazardous Chemicals

Catalogue of Hazardous Chemicals : Listed

Measures on the Environmental Administration of New Chemical Substances Registration

Registration/Notification number : B1A22220259

Downstream users need to comply with the conditions of safe use of the chemical, understand the environmental and health hazard and risk management measures identified on the SDS as well as the local/national regulations concerning the chemical.

Other regulations

Please pay attention on the waste treatment should also comply with local regulations requirement.

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## SECTION 16: Other information

### Abbreviations and acronyms

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service

TWA: Time-Weighted Average

STEL: Short-Term Exposure Limit

LD50: Lethal Dose 50%

LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%

EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

PEL: Permissible Exposure Limit

TLV: Threshold Limit Value

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

IATA: International Air Transport Association

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

DOT: US Department of Transportation

NFPA: National Fire Protection Association

NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration

#### Disclaimer:

The information in this MSDS is only applicable to the specified product, unless otherwise specified, it is not applicable to the mixture of this product and other substances. This MSDS only provides information on the safety of the product for those who have received the appropriate professional training for the user of the product. Users of this MSDS must make independent judgments on the applicability of this SDS. The authors of this MSDS will not be held responsible for any harm caused by the use of this MSDS.