# Chemical Safety Data Sheet MSDS / SDS

# 2,6-Dinitrotoluene

Revision Date: 2025-02-01 Revision Number: 1

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### **Product identifier**

Product name : 2,6-Dinitrotoluene
CBnumber : CB4223533

CAS : 606-20-2

EINECS Number : 210-106-0

Synonyms : 2,6-dinitrotoluene,2-methyl-1,3-dinitrobenzene

### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses : For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.

Uses advised against : none

### **Company Identification**

Company : Chemicalbook

Address : Building 1, Huihuang International, Shangdi 10th Street, Haidian District, Beijing

Telephone : 010-86108875

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Symbol(GHS)



Signal word Danger

### Precautionary statements

P405 Store locked up.

P311 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continuerinsing.

 ${\it P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.}$ 

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

#### Hazard statements

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child

H350 May cause cancer

H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects

H332 Harmful if inhaled

H331 Toxic if inhaled

H319 Causes serious eye irritation

H312 Harmful in contact with skin

H311 Toxic in contact with skin

H302 Harmful if swallowed

H301 Toxic if swalloed

#### **Disposal**

WARNING.Cancer - https://oehha.ca.gov/proposition-65/chemicals/26-dinitrotoluene

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### **Substance**

Product name : 2,6-Dinitrotoluene

Synonyms : 2,6-dinitrotoluene,2-methyl-1,3-dinitrobenzene

CAS : 606-20-2
EC number : 210-106-0
MF : C7H6N2O4
MW : 182.13

### SECTION 4: First aid measures

### Description of first aid measures

### General advice

Consult a physician. Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

#### If inhaled

If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.

### In case of skin contact

Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Take victim immediately to hospital. Consult a physician.

### In case of eye contact

Flush eyes with water as a precaution.

### If swallowed

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.

### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

### **Extinguishing media**

### Suitable extinguishing media

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

### Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Carbon oxides Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

#### Advice for firefighters

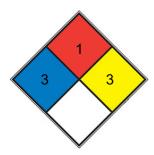
Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

#### **Further information**

No data available

### **NFPA 704**

FIRE



Short exposure could cause serious temporary or moderate residual injury (e.g. <u>liquid hydrogen, sulfuric acid, calcium</u>

HEALTH 3

hypochlorite, hexafluorosilicic acid)

Materials that require considerable preheating, under all ambient temperature conditions, before ignition and combustion

1 can occur. Includes some finely divided suspended solids that do not require heating before ignition can occur. Flash point at or above 93.3 °C (200 °F). (e.g. mineral oil, ammonia)

Capable of detonation or explosive decomposition but requires a strong initiating source, must be heated under

REACT 3 confinement before initiation, reacts explosively with water, or will detonate if severely shocked (e.g. ammonium nitrate, cesium, hydrogen peroxide)

SPEC.

HAZ.

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear respiratory protection. Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing vapors, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Avoid breathing dust.

For personal protection see section 8.

### **Environmental precautions**

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Pick up and arrange disposal without creating dust. Sweep up and shovel. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

#### Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

### Advice on safe handling

Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Advice on safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Advice on safe handling

Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.

### Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed.

#### Hygiene measures

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

For precautions see section 2.2.

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

### Storage conditions

Store in cool place. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.

### Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### control parameter

### Hazard composition and occupational exposure limits

Does not contain substances with occupational exposure limits.

### Exposure controls

#### Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Face shield and safety glasses Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

Skin protection

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of Regulation (EU) 2016/425 and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

Full contact

Material: Nitrile rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0,11 mm Break through time: 480 min Material tested:Dermatril? (KCL 740 / Aldrich Z677272, Size M)

Splash contact Material: Nitrile rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0,11 mm Break through time: 480 min Material tested:Dermatril? (KCL 740 / Aldrich Z677272, Size M)

data source: KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, phone +49 (0)6659 87300, e-mail sales@kcl.de, test method: EN374

If used in solution, or mixed with other substances, and under conditions which differ from EN 374, contact the supplier of the EC approved gloves. This recommendation is advisory only and must be evaluated by an industrial hygienist and safety officer familiar with the specific situation of anticipated use by our customers. It should not be construed as offering an approval for any specific use scenario.

**Body Protection** 

Complete suit protecting against chemicals, The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

Respiratory protection

Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full- face particle respirator type N100 (US) or type P3 (EN 143) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and

approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

Control of environmental exposure

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### Information on basic physicochemical properties

Appearance	light yellow crystalline
Odour	No data available
Odour Threshold	No data available
рН	No data available
Melting point/freezing point	Melting point/range: 56 - 61 °C
Initial boiling point and boiling range	285,0 °C
Flash point	206,7 °C - closed cup
Evaporation rate	No data available

Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available
Upper/lower flammability or explosive	No data available
limits	
Vapour pressure	0,008 hPa at 25,0 °C
Vapour density	No data available
Relative density	1,28 g/cm3 at 111,00 °C No data available
Water solubility	Soluble in ethanol (Weast, 1986) and many other organic solvents including chloroform and carbon
	tetrachloride.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	log Pow: 2,10
Autoignition temperature	No data available
Decomposition temperature	No data available
Viscosity	Viscosity, kinematic: No data available Viscosity, dynamic: No data available
Explosive properties	No data available
Oxidizing properties	No data available

### Other safety information

No data available

# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### Reactivity

No data available

### **Chemical stability**

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

### Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available

### Conditions to avoid

No data available

### Incompatible materials

Oxidizing agents, Reducing agents, Strong bases

### Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of fire: see section 5

# SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

### **Acute toxicity**

LD50 Oral - Rat - 177,0 mg/kg

LC50 Inhalation - Rat - 6 h - 240 mg/m3 Remarks: Behavioral:General anesthetic.

Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration:Fibrosing alveolitis. Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration:Changes in Lung Weight. LD50 Dermal - 300 mg/kg

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin - Rabbit

Result: Mild skin irritation - 24 h

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

No data available

#### Respiratory or skin sensitization

No data available

### Germ cell mutagenicity

Laboratory experiments have shown mutagenic effects. In vitro tests showed mutagenic effects

### Carcinogenicity

No data available

#### Reproductive toxicity

Suspected human reproductive toxicant

Overexposure may cause reproductive disorder(s) based on tests with laboratory animals.

### Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

No data available

#### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated exposure, category 2.

No data available

#### **Toxicity**

Acute oral LD50 for mice 621 mg/kg, rats 177 mg/kg (quoted, RTECS, 1985).

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### **Toxicity**

### Toxicity to fish

LC50 - Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) - 17,2 - 50 mg/l - 96,0 h

### Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 21,70 mg/l - 48 h

#### Toxicity to algae

EC50 - Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae) - 11,00 - 20,00 mg/l - 72 h

### Persistence and degradability

No data available

### Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

### Mobility in soil

No data available

#### Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

#### Other adverse effects

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### Waste treatment methods

### **Product**

Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company. Dissolve or mix the material with a combustible solvent and burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber. Waste material must be disposed of in accordance with the Directive on waste 2008/98/EC as well as other national and local regulations. Leave chemicals in original containers. No mixing with other waste. Handle uncleaned containers like the product itself.

### Contaminated packaging

Dispose of as unused product.

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

### **UN** number

ADR/RID: 3454 IMDG: 3454 IATA: 3454

UN proper shipping name ADR/RID: DINITROTOLUENES, SOLID IMDG: DINITROTOLUENES, SOLID

IATA: Dinitrotoluenes, solid

Transport hazard class(es)

1/4/3

ADR/RID: 6.1 IMDG: 6.1 IATA: 6.1

Packaging group 14.4

ADR/RID: II IMDG: II IATA: II

Environmental hazards 14.5

ADR/RID: yes IMDG Marine pollutant: yes IATA: no

Special precautions for user

No data available

# SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

### Regulations on the Safety Management of Hazardous Chemicals

China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015:Listed. website: https://www.mem.gov.cn/

Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS):Not Listed. website: https://emb.gov.ph/

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC):Not Listed. website: https://www.epa.govt.nz/

Vietnam National Chemical Inventory:Listed. website: https://chemicaldata.gov.vn/

United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory:Listed. website: https://www.epa.gov/

Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL):Listed. website: http://ncis.nier.go.kr

European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS):Listed. website: https://echa.europa.eu/

EC Inventory:Listed.

Chinese Chemical Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (China IECSC):Listed. website: https://www.mee.gov.cn/

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

### Abbreviations and acronyms

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service

EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

IATA: International Air Transportation Association

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%

LD50: Lethal Dose 50%

RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

STEL: Short term exposure limit TWA: Time Weighted Average

#### References

[1] CAMEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple

[2] ChemlDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp

[3] ECHA - European Chemicals Agency, website: https://echa.europa.eu/

[4] eChemPortal - The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website:

http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request\_locale=en

[5] ERG - Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg

[6] Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp

[7] HSDB - Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm

[8] IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: http://www.iarc.fr/

[9] IPCS - The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home

[10] Sigma-Aldrich, website: https://www.sigmaaldrich.com/

### Other Information

Depending on the degree of exposure, periodic medical examination is suggested. Specific treatment is necessary in case of poisoning with this substance; the appropriate means with instructions must be available. Do NOT take working clothes home. UN number for molten form: UN1600. See ICSC 0465.

#### Disclaimer:

this product and other substances. This MSDS only provides information on the safety of the product for those who have received the appropriate professional training for the user of the product. Users of this MSDS must make independent judgments on the applicability of this SDS. The authors of this MSDS will not be held responsible for any harm caused by the use of this MSDS.