# Chemical Safety Data Sheet MSDS / SDS

# 2-Methyl-1-propanol

Revision Date: 2024-06-08 Revision Number: 1

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### **Product identifier**

Product name : 2-Methyl-1-propanol

 CBnumber
 : CB3158955

 CAS
 : 78-83-1

 EINECS Number
 : 201-148-0

 Synonyms
 : isobutanol,IBA

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses : For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.

Uses advised against : none

# **Company Identification**

Company : Chemicalbook

Address : Building 1, Huihuang International, Shangdi 10th Street, Haidian District, Beijing

Telephone : 400-158-6606

# SECTION 2: Hazards identification

# GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Symbol(GHS)



Signal word Danger

### Precautionary statements

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. — No smoking.

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off Immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse SKIN with water/shower.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continuerinsing.

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use ... for extinction.

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.

#### **Hazard statements**

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour

H315 Causes skin irritation

H318 Causes serious eye damage

H335 May cause respiratory irritation

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness

# SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### **Substance**

Product name : 2-Methyl-1-propanol

Synonyms : isobutanol,IBA

CAS : 78-83-1
EC number : 201-148-0
MF : C4H10O
MW : 74.12

# SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### Description of first aid measures

#### General advice

Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

#### If inhaled

After inhalation: fresh air. Call in physician.

#### In case of skin contact

In case of skin contact: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower.

### In case of eye contact

After eye contact: rinse out with plenty of water. Immediately call in ophthalmologist. Remove contact lenses.

### If swallowed

After swallowing: immediately make victim drink water (two glasses at most). Consult a physician.

# Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

# Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

# **Extinguishing media**

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Carbon dioxide (CO2) Foam Dry powder

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media

For this substance/mixture no limitations of extinguishing agents are given.

### Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Carbon oxides Combustible.

Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Forms explosive mixtures with air at elevated temperatures.

Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapours possible in the event of fire.

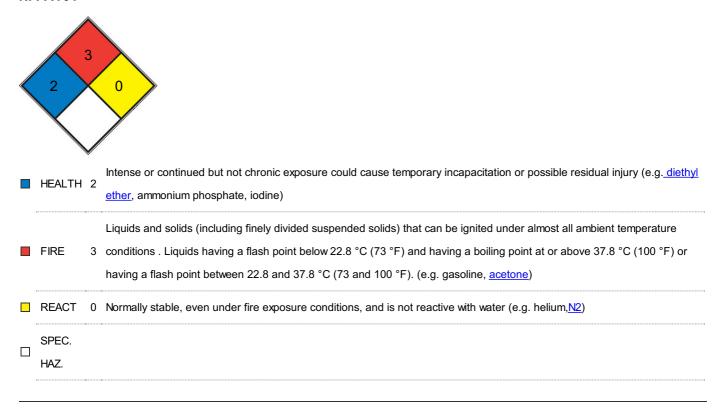
#### Advice for firefighters

Stay in danger area only with self-contained breathing apparatus. Prevent skin contact by keeping a safe distance or by wearing suitable protective clothing.

#### **Further information**

Remove container from danger zone and cool with water. Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

#### **NFPA 704**



# SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Advice for non-emergency personnel: Do not breathe vapors, aerosols. Avoid substance contact. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Evacuate the danger area, observe emergency procedures, consult an expert. For personal protection see section 8.

#### **Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Risk of explosion.

# Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Cover drains. Collect, bind, and pump off spills. Observe possible material restrictions (see sections 7 and 10). Take up with liquid-absorbent material (e.g. Chemizorb?). Dispose of properly. Clean up affected area.

#### Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

# SECTION 7: Handling and storage

# Precautions for safe handling

#### Advice on safe handling

Avoid generation of vapours/aerosols.

#### Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

#### Hygiene measures

Immediately change contaminated clothing. Apply preventive skin protection. Wash hands and face after working with substance.

For precautions see section 2.2.

# Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

# Storage conditions

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

#### Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

# control parameter

# Hazard composition and occupational exposure limits

Does not contain substances with occupational exposure limits.

# **Exposure controls**

#### Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU). Tightly fitting safety goggles

Skin protection

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory

practices. Wash and dry hands.

The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of Regulation (EU) 2016/425 and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

Full contact

Material: Nitrile rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0,11 mm Break through time: 480 min Material tested:Dermatril? (KCL 740 / Aldrich Z677272, Size M)

Splash contact Material: Nitrile rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0,11 mm Break through time: 480 min Material tested:Dermatril? (KCL 740 / Aldrich Z677272, Size M)

data source: KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, phone +49 (0)6659 87300, e-mail sales@kcl.de, test method: EN374

If used in solution, or mixed with other substances, and under conditions which differ from EN 374, contact the supplier of the EC approved gloves. This recommendation is advisory only and must be evaluated by an industrial hygienist and safety officer familiar with the specific situation of anticipated use by our customers. It should not be construed as offering an approval for any specific use scenario.

**Body Protection** 

Flame retardant antistatic protective clothing.

Respiratory protection

Recommended Filter type: Filter A (acc. to DIN 3181) for vapours of organic compounds

The entrepeneur has to ensure that maintenance, cleaning and testing of respiratory protective devices are carried out according to the instructions of the producer.

These measures have to be properly documented.

Control of environmental exposure

Do not let product enter drains. Risk of explosion.

### **Exposure limits**

TWA 300 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (100 ppm) NIOSH, 150 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (50 ppm) (ACGIH); IDLH 8000 ppm.

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

# Information on basic physicochemical properties

Appearance	colorless, clear liquid
Odour	alcohol-like
Odour Threshold	1,6 ppm
pH	7 (80g/l, H2O, 20°C)
Melting point/freezing point	Melting point/range: -108 °C - lit.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	108 °C - lit.
Flash point	28 °C - closed cup
Evaporation rate	0,6
Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available
Upper/lower flammability or explosive	Upper explosion limit: 10,6 %(V) Lower explosion limit: 1,7 %(V)
limits	
Vapour pressure	8 hPa at 20 °C
Vapour density	2,55
Relative density	No data available

Water solubility	70 g/l at 20 °C - OECD Test Guideline 105- completely miscible
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	log Pow: 1 at 25 °C - Bioaccumulation is not expected.
Autoignition temperature	427 °C
Decomposition temperature	No data available
Viscosity	Viscosity, kinematic: 4,00 mm2/s at 20 °C Viscosity, dynamic: 3,103 mPa.s at 20 °C
Explosive properties	No data available
Oxidizing properties	No data available
Henry's Law Constant	20.0 at 30.00 °C, 72.2 at 50.00 °C, 133 at 60.00 °C, 216 at 70.00 °C, 330 at 80.00 °C (headspace-
	GC, Hovorka et al., 2002)
λmax	λ: 260 nm Amax: 0.10
	λ: 280 nm Amax: 0.06

# Other safety information

Surface tension 69,7 mN/m at 20 °C

Relative vapor density

2,55

# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

# Reactivity

Vapor/air-mixtures are explosive at intense warming.

# **Chemical stability**

The product is chemically stable under standard ambient conditions (room temperature) . Stable

# Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available

#### Conditions to avoid

Heating.

# Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents, Acid chlorides, Acid anhydridesStrong oxidizing agents, Acid chlorides, Acid anhydrides

# Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of fire: see section 5

# SECTION 11: Toxicological information

# Information on toxicological effects

# **Acute toxicity**

LD50 Oral - Rat - female - 3.350 mg/kg (OECD Test Guideline 401)

LC50 Inhalation - Rat - male and female - 4 h - 24,6 mg/l Remarks:

(ECHA)

LD50 Dermal - Rabbit - female - 2.460 mg/kg (OECD Test Guideline 402)

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin - Rabbit

Result: Irritating to skin. - 24 h Remarks:

Classified according to Regulation (EU) 1272/2008, Annex VI (Table 3.1/3.2)

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Eyes - Rabbit

Result: Corrosive - 24 h (OECD Test Guideline 405) Remarks:

Classified according to Regulation (EU) 1272/2008, Annex VI (Table 3.1/3.2)

#### Respiratory or skin sensitization

No data available

# Germ cell mutagenicity

In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test Chinese hamster fibroblasts

Result: negative Remarks: (ECHA)

Ames test

Escherichia coli/Salmonella typhimurium Result: negative

OECD Test Guideline 474 Mouse - male and female Result: negative

#### Carcinogenicity

IARC: No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

#### Reproductive toxicity

No data available

# Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation. - Respiratory Tract

May cause drowsiness or dizziness. - Central nervous system

#### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

No data available

# Aspiration hazard

No data available

#### **Toxicity**

LD50 orally in rats: 2.46 g/kg (Smyth)

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

# **Toxicity**

#### Toxicity to fish

flow-through test LC50 - Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) -

1.430 mg/l - 96 h Remarks: (ECHA)

#### Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

static test EC50 - Daphnia pulex (Water flea) - 1.100 mg/l - 48 h Remarks: (ECHA)

#### Toxicity to algae

static test ErC50 - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata - 1.799 mg/l - 72 h

(OECD Test Guideline 201)

# Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability aerobic - Exposure time 28 d

Result: 70 - 80 % - Readily biodegradable. (OECD Test Guideline 301D)

Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)

2.600 mg/g

Remarks: (External MSDS)

Theoretical oxygen demand

2.600 mg/g Remarks: (Lit.)

Ratio BOD/ThBOD 64 %

Remarks: (Lit.)

# **Bioaccumulative potential**

No data available

#### Mobility in soil

No data available

#### Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

### Other adverse effects

Additional ecological information

No data available

# SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

# Waste treatment methods

# Incompatibilities

Butyl alcohols may form explosive mixture with air. In all cases they are Incompatible with oxidizers. Keep away from alkaline materials, strong bases, strong acids, oxoacids, epoxides.

# **Product**

See www.retrologistik.com for processes regarding the return of chemicals and containers, or contact us there if you have further questions.

#### **Waste Disposal**

Incineration, or bury absorbed waste in an approved land fill.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### **UN** number

ADR/RID: 1212 IMDG: 1212

#### **UN proper shipping name**

ADR/RID: ISOBUTANOL IMDG: ISOBUTANOL IATA: Isobutanol

#### Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: 3 IMDG: 3 IATA: 3

# **Packaging group**

ADR/RID: III IMDG: III IATA: III

#### **Environmental hazards**

ADR/RID: no IMDG Marine pollutant: no IATA: no

# Special precautions for user

No data available

# SECTION 15: Regulatory information

# Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

### Regulations on the Safety Management of Hazardous Chemicals

China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015:Listed. website: https://www.mem.gov.cn/

# Measures for Environmental Management of New Chemical Substances

Vietnam National Chemical Inventory:Listed. website: https://chemicaldata.gov.vn/

United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory:Listed. website: https://www.epa.gov/

Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS):Listed. website: https://emb.gov.ph/

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC):Listed. website: https://www.epa.govt.nz/

Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL):Listed. website: http://ncis.nier.go.kr

European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS):Listed. website: https://echa.europa.eu/

EC Inventory:Listed.

Chinese Chemical Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (China IECSC):Listed. website: https://www.mee.gov.cn/

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### Abbreviations and acronyms

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service

EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

IATA: International Air Transportation Association

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%

LD50: Lethal Dose 50%

RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

STEL: Short term exposure limit TWA: Time Weighted Average

#### References

- [1] CAMEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple
- [2] ChemlDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp
- [3] ECHA European Chemicals Agency, website: https://echa.europa.eu/
- [4] eChemPortal The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website:

http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request\_locale=en

- [5] ERG Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg
- [6] Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp
- [7] HSDB Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm
- [8] IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: http://www.iarc.fr/
- [9] IPCS The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home
- 【10】 Sigma-Aldrich, website: https://www.sigmaaldrich.com/

#### Disclaimer:

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