

# Chemical Safety Data Sheet MSDS / SDS

## 2-PROPYLZINC BROMIDE SOLUTION 0.5M IN T&

Revision Date:2026-03-21 Revision Number:1

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### Product identifier

Product name : 2-PROPYLZINC BROMIDE SOLUTION 0.5M IN T&  
CBnumber : CB1972285  
CAS : 77047-87-1  
Synonyms : zinc,propane,bromide;isopropylzinc bromide

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses : For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.  
Uses advised against : none

#### Company Identification

Company : Chemicalbook  
Address : Building 1, Huihuang International, Shangdi 10th Street, Haidian District, Beijing  
Telephone : 010-86108875

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Symbol(GHS)



Signal word

Danger

#### Precautionary statements

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.  
P402+P404 Store in a dry place. Store in a closed container.  
P370+P378 In case of fire: Use ... for extinction.  
P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.  
P231+P232 Handle under inert gas. Protect from moisture.  
P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. — No smoking.  
P405 Store locked up.  
P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continuerinsing.  
P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off Immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse SKIN with water/shower.  
P223 Keep away from any possible contact with water, because of violent reaction and possible flash fire.

### **Hazard statements**

H351 Suspected of causing cancer

H335 May cause respiratory irritation

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H261 In contact with water releases flammable gas

H225 Highly Flammable liquid and vapour

H333 May be harmful if inhaled

H318 Causes serious eye damage

H302 Harmful if swallowed

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## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### **Substance**

Product name : 2-PROPYLZINC BROMIDE SOLUTION 0.5M IN T&

Synonyms : zinc,propane,bromide;isopropylzinc bromide

CAS : 77047-87-1

MF : C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>7</sub>BrZn

MW : 188.37

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## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### **General advice**

First aiders need to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

### **If inhaled**

After inhalation: fresh air. Call in physician.

### **In case of skin contact**

In case of skin contact: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower. Call a physician immediately.

### **In case of eye contact**

After eye contact: rinse out with plenty of water. Immediately call in ophthalmologist. Remove contact lenses.

### **If swallowed**

After swallowing: make victim drink water (two glasses at most), avoid vomiting (risk of perforation). Call a physician immediately. Do not attempt to neutralise.

### **Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2) and/or in section 11

### **Protection of first-aiders**

For personal protection see section 8.

## Notes to physician

No data available

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## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### Suitable extinguishing media

Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) Dry powder

### Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water Foam

### Specific hazards during fire fighting

Combustible. Pay attention to flashback. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. May not get in touch with: Water  
Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapours possible in the event of fire. Forms explosive mixtures with air at ambient temperatures.

### Hazardous combustion products

Nature of decomposition products not known.

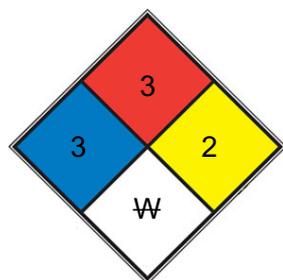
### Specific extinguishing methods

Remove container from danger zone and cool with water. Suppress (knock down) gases/vapours/mists with a water spray jet. Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

### Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Stay in danger area only with self-contained breathing apparatus. Prevent skin contact by keeping a safe distance or by wearing suitable protective clothing.

### NFPA 704



■ HEALTH	3	Short exposure could cause serious temporary or moderate residual injury (e.g. <a href="#">liquid hydrogen</a> , <a href="#">sulfuric acid</a> , <a href="#">calcium hypochlorite</a> , hexafluorosilicic acid)
■ FIRE	3	Liquids and solids (including finely divided suspended solids) that can be ignited under almost all ambient temperature conditions. Liquids having a flash point below 22.8 °C (73 °F) and having a boiling point at or above 37.8 °C (100 °F) or having a flash point between 22.8 and 37.8 °C (73 and 100 °F). (e.g. gasoline, <a href="#">acetone</a> )
■ REACT	2	Undergoes violent chemical change at elevated temperatures and pressures, reacts violently with water, or may form explosive mixtures with water (e.g. white phosphorus, <a href="#">potassium</a> , <a href="#">sodium</a> )

SPEC.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Advice for non-emergency personnel: Do not breathe vapours, aerosols. Avoid substance contact. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Evacuate the danger area, observe emergency procedures, consult an expert. Advice for emergency responders: For personal protection see section 8.

### Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Risk of explosion.

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Cover drains. Collect, bind, and pump off spills. Observe possible material restrictions (see sections 7 and 10). Take up carefully with liquid-absorbent material. Dispose of properly. Clean up affected area.

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## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### Handling

#### Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

#### Advice on safe handling

Work under hood. Do not inhale substance/mixture. Avoid generation of vapours/aerosols. Keep workplace dry. Do not allow product to come into contact with water.

#### Avoidance of contact

Oxidizing agents Strong oxidizing agents Oxygen

### Storage

#### Further information on storage conditions

Tightly closed. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

#### Materials to avoid

Never allow product to get in contact with water during storage.

#### Storage class

4.3, Hazardous materials, which set free flammable gases upon contact with water

#### Recommended storage temperature

2 - 8 °C

#### Further information on storage stability

Air and moisture sensitive. Handle and store under inert gas. Refrigerate before opening. Test for peroxide formation periodically and before distillation. Dry residue is explosive. Test for peroxide formation periodically and before distillation.

#### Packaging material

Suitable material: Sure-Seal Bottles

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## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Biological occupational exposure limits drofuran shift BEI (As soon as possible after exposure ceases)

### Engineering measures

No data available

### Personal protective equipment

#### Respiratory protection

required when vapours/aerosols are generated.

Our recommendations on filtering respiratory protection are based on the following standards: DIN EN 143, DIN 14387 and other accompanying standards relating to the used respiratory protection system.

#### Recommended Filter type

Filter type ABEK

The entrepreneur has to ensure that maintenance, cleaning and testing of respiratory protective devices are carried out according to the instructions of the producer. These measures have to be properly documented.

#### Eye/face protection

Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

Tightly fitting safety goggles

#### Skin and body protection

Flame retardant antistatic protective clothing.

#### Hand protection

##### Material

butyl-rubber

##### Break through time

10 min

##### Glove thickness

0.3 mm

##### Protective index

Splash contact

##### Manufacturer

Butoject® (KCL 897 / Aldrich Z677647, Size M)

##### Manufacturer

data source: KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, phone +49 (0)6659 87300, e-mail sales@kcl.de, test method: EN374

##### Remarks

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of Regulation (EU) 2016/425 and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

If used in solution, or mixed with other substances, and under conditions which differ from EN 374, contact the supplier of the CE approved gloves. This recommendation is advisory only and must be evaluated by an industrial hygienist and safety officer familiar with the specific situation of anticipated use by our customers. It should not be construed as offering an approval for any specific use scenario.

## Hygiene measures

Immediately change contaminated clothing. Apply preventive skin protection. Wash hands and face after working with substance.

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## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### Information on basic physicochemical properties

liquid

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#### Color

No data available

#### Odor

No data available

#### Odor Threshold

No data available

#### pH

No data available

#### Melting point/ range

-108 °C

#### Boiling point/boiling range

65 - 67 °C (1,013 hPa)

#### Flash point

-20 °C

#### Evaporation rate

> 1

#### Flammability (solid, gas)

No data available

#### Flammability (liquids)

No data available

#### Burning rate

No data available

#### Self-ignition

215 °C 1,013 hPa

#### Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit

Upper flammability limit

**Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit**

Lower flammability limit

**Vapor pressure**

191 hPa (20 °C)

**Relative vapor density**

No data available

**Relative density**

0.963 g/mL at 25 °C

**Density**

0.963 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (25 °C)

**Water solubility**

Reacts with water.

**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water**

No data available

**Autoignition temperature**

215 °C

**Decomposition temperature**

No data available

**Viscosity, dynamic**

No data available

**Viscosity, kinematic**

No data available

**Flow time**

No data available

**Explosive properties**

Not classified as explosive.

**Oxidizing properties**

none

**Molecular weight**

188.38 g/mol

## Particle characteristics Particle size

No data available

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## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### Reactivity

Formation of peroxides possible. Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

### Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable under standard ambient conditions (room temperature) .

### Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available

### Conditions to avoid

Warming. Moisture.

### Incompatible materials

Oxidizing agents Strong oxidizing agents Oxygen

### Hazardous decomposition products

Peroxides : In the event of fire: see section 5

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## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Oral: No data available

Acute toxicity estimate Inhalation - 4 h - > 10 mg/l - dust/mist(Calculation method)

Symptoms: mucosal irritations, Cough, Shortness of breath, Possible damages:., damage of respiratory tract

Acute toxicity estimate Dermal - > 5,000 mg/kg (Calculation method)

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Remarks: Mixture causes burns.

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Remarks: Mixture causes serious eye damage.

Risk of blindness!

#### Respiratory or skin sensitization

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

#### Carcinogenicity

Evidence of a carcinogenic effect.

### **Reproductive toxicity**

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

### **Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure**

Mixture may cause respiratory irritation.

Mixture may cause drowsiness or dizziness.

### **Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure**

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

### **Aspiration hazard**

Classified based on available data. For more details, see section 2

## **11.2 Additional Information**

Central nervous system depression, Cough, chest pain, Difficulty in breathing, Exposure to high airborne concentrations can cause anesthetic effects., To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated.

Other dangerous properties can not be excluded.

This substance should be handled with particular care.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

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## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### **Ecotoxicity**

#### **Components:**

#### **Tetrahydrofuran:**

##### **Toxicity to fish**

LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 2,160 mg/l End point: mortality Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: flow-through test Analytical monitoring: yes Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

##### **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 3,485 mg/l End point: mortality Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

##### **Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)**

NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 216 mg/l End point: Growth inhibition Exposure time: 33 d Test Type: flow-through test Analytical monitoring: yes Remarks: (ECHA)

### **Persistence and degradability**

#### **Components:**

#### **Tetrahydrofuran:**

##### **Biodegradability**

aerobic Inoculum: activated sludge Concentration: 2 mg/l Biochemical oxygen demand Result: Not readily biodegradable. Biodegradation: 39 % Exposure time: 28 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

## Components:

### Tetrahydrofuran:

#### Partition coefficient: noctanol/water

log Pow: 0.45 (25 °C) Method: OECD Test Guideline 107 Remarks: Bioaccumulation is not expected.

### Mobility in soil

No data available

### Other adverse effects

## Components:

### Tetrahydrofuran:

#### Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Substance does not meet the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex XIII.

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## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### Disposal methods

#### Waste from residues

Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company.

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## SECTION 14: Transport information

### International Regulations

#### IATA-DGR

UN/ID No. : UN 3399

Proper shipping name : Organometallic substance, liquid, water-reactive, flammable (Propylzinc bromide, Tetrahydrofuran)

Class : 4.3

Subsidiary risk : 3

Packing group : II

Labels : Division 4.3 - Substances which in contact with water emit flammable gases, Class 3 - Flammable liquids

Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) : 494

Packing instruction (passenger aircraft) : 493

#### IMDG-Code

UN number : UN 3399

Proper shipping name : ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, WATERREACTIVE, FLAMMABLE (Propylzinc bromide, Tetrahydrofuran)

Class : 4.3

Subsidiary risk : 3

Packing group : II

Labels : 4.3 (3)

EmS Code : F-G, S-N

Marine pollutant : no

### **Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code**

Not applicable for product as supplied.

### **National Regulations**

#### **JT/T 617**

UN number : UN 3399

Proper shipping name : ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, WATERREACTIVE, FLAMMABLE (Propylzinc bromide, Tetrahydrofuran)

Class : 4.3

Subsidiary risk : 3

Packing group : II

Labels : 4.3 (3)

Environmentally hazardous : no

### **Special precautions for user**

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

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## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

Downstream users need to comply with the conditions of safe use of the chemical, understand the environmental and health hazard and risk management measures identified on the SDS as well as the local/national regulations concerning the chemical.

### **National regulatory information**

#### **Law on the Prevention and Control of Occupational Diseases**

#### **Regulations on Safety Management of Hazardous Chemicals**

#### **Catalogue of Hazardous Chemicals**

Listed

#### **Identification of Major Hazard Installations for Hazardous Chemicals (GB 18218)**

#### **No. / Code Chemical name / Category Threshold quantity**

#### **W5.3 Flammable liquids 1,000 t**

#### **Hazardous Chemicals for Priority Management**

Not listed under SAWS

## Regulations on Labour Protection in Workplaces where Toxic Substances are Used

### Catalogue of Highly Toxic Chemicals

Not listed

### Regulation of Environmental Management on the First Import of Chemicals and the Import and Export of Toxic Chemicals

### China Severely Restricted Toxic Chemicals for Import and Export

Not listed

### Measures on the Environmental Administration of New Chemical Substances Registration

### Registration/Notification number

B1A222241373

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## SECTION 16: Other information

### Full text of other abbreviations

#### ACGIH

USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

#### ACGIH BEI

ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)

#### GBZ 2.1-2007

Occupational exposure limits for hazardous agents in the workplace - Chemical hazardous agents.

#### ACGIH / TWA

8-hour, time-weighted average

#### ACGIH / STEL

Short-term exposure limit

**GBZ 2.1-2007 / PC-TWA AIC** - Australian Invent Transport by Land of Bra bw - Body weight; **CMR Standard of the German List (Canada)**; **ECx** - Conc associated with x% respo Chemical Substances (Jap response); **ERG** - Emerge GLP - Good Laboratory P cer; **IATA** - International Construction and Equipm Half maximal inhibitory c tion; **IECSC** - Inventory o tional Maritime Dangerou Industrial Safety and H Standardisation; **KECI** - K tration to 50 % of a test (Median Lethal Dose); **MA lution from Ships**; **MERC of Dangerous Goods**; **n.o.** - No Observed (Adverse) fect Level; **NOELR** - No Norm; **NTP** - National Toxi icals; **OECD** - Organisatio fice of Chemical Safety a and Toxic substance; **PIC stances**; **(Q)SAR** - (Quant (EC) No 1907/2006 of th Registration, Evaluation, Accelerating Decompositi Chemical Substance Inve Thailand Existing Chemicala States); **UN** - United Nat Transport of Dangerous **WHMIS** - Workplace Hazar

Permissible concentration - time weighted average ry of Industrial Chemicals

ANTT - National Agency for il

ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials

- Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant

DIN nstitute for Standardisation

DSL - Domestic Substances ntration associated with x% response

ELx - Loading rate se

EmS - Emergency Schedule

ENCS - Existing and New n)

ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate cy Response Guide

GHS - Globally Harmonised System

actice

IARC - International Agency for Research on Canir Transport Association

IBC - International Code for the nt of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk

IC50 ncentration

ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organiza- Existing Chemical Substances in China

IMDG - Interna- Goods

IMO - International Maritime Organisation

ISHL alth Law (Japan)

ISO - International Organisation for rea Existing Chemicals Inventory

LC50 - Lethal Concenopulation

LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population POL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pol- SUR - The Agreement for the Facilitation of the Transport . - Not Otherwise Specified

Nch - Chilean Norm

NO(A)EC ffect Concentration

NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Efbserveable Effect Loading Rate

NOM - Official Mexican ology Program

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemfor Economic Co-operation and Development

OPPTS - Ofd Pollution Prevention

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative S - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Subtative) Structure Activity Relationship

REACH - Regulation European Parliament and of the Council concerning the uthorisation and Restriction of Chemicals

SADT - Selfn Temperature

SDS - Safety Data Sheet

TCSI - Taiwan tory

TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods

TECI s Inventory

TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United ons

UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the oods

vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

ous Materials Information System

**Disclaimer:**

The information in this MSDS is only applicable to the specified product, unless otherwise specified, it is not applicable to the mixture of this product and other substances. This MSDS only provides information on the safety of the product for those who have received the appropriate professional training for the user of the product. Users of this MSDS must make independent judgments on the applicability of this SDS. The authors of this MSDS will not be held responsible for any harm caused by the use of this MSDS.