# Chemical Safety Data Sheet MSDS / SDS

# Cyclopentyl methyl ether

Revision Date: 2025-04-19 Revision Number: 1

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### **Product identifier**

Product name : Cyclopentyl methyl ether

CBnumber : CB9375985 CAS : 5614-37-9

Synonyms : cpme,Cyclopentyl methyl ether

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses : For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.

Uses advised against : none

#### **Company Identification**

Company : Chemicalbook

Address : Building 1, Huihuang International, Shangdi 10th Street, Haidian District, Beijing

Telephone : 010-86108875

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Symbol(GHS)



Signal word Danger

### Precautionary statements

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continuerinsing.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off Immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse SKIN with water/shower.

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. — No smoking.

#### Hazard statements

H319 Causes serious eye irritation

H315 Causes skin irritation

H302 Harmful if swallowed

H225 Highly Flammable liquid and vapour

1

#### Substance

Product name : Cyclopentyl methyl ether

Synonyms : cpme,Cyclopentyl methyl ether

CAS : 5614-37-9
MF : C6H12O
MW : 100.16

# SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### Description of first aid measures

#### General advice

Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

#### If inhaled

After inhalation: fresh air.

#### In case of skin contact

In case of skin contact: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower.

#### In case of eye contact

After eye contact: rinse out with plenty of water. Call in ophthalmologist. Remove contact lenses.

#### If swallowed

After swallowing: caution if victim vomits. Risk of aspiration! Keep airways free. Pulmonary failure possible after aspiration of vomit. Call a physician immediately.

### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

#### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

# SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

# **Extinguishing media**

### Suitable extinguishing media

Carbon dioxide (CO2) Foam Dry powder

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media

For this substance/mixture no limitations of extinguishing agents are given.

### Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Carbon oxides Combustible.

Pay attention to flashback.

Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapours possible in the event of fire. Forms explosive mixtures with air at ambient temperatures.

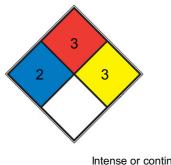
#### Advice for firefighters

Stay in danger area only with self-contained breathing apparatus. Prevent skin contact by keeping a safe distance or by wearing suitable protective clothing.

#### **Further information**

Remove container from danger zone and cool with water. Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

#### **NFPA 704**



Intense or continued but not chronic exposure could cause temporary incapacitation or possible residual injury (e.g. <u>diethyl</u>

HEALTH 2

ether, ammonium phosphate, iodine)

Liquids and solids (including finely divided suspended solids) that can be ignited under almost all ambient temperature conditions. Liquids having a flash point below 22.8 °C (73 °F) and having a boiling point at or above 37.8 °C (100 °F) or having a flash point between 22.8 and 37.8 °C (73 and 100 °F). (e.g. gasoline, acetone)

Capable of detonation or explosive decomposition but requires a strong initiating source, must be heated under

REACT 3 confinement before initiation, reacts explosively with water, or will detonate if severely shocked (e.g. ammonium nitrate, cesium, hydrogen peroxide)

SPEC.

**FIRE** 

# SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Advice for non-emergency personnel: Do not breathe vapors, aerosols. Avoid substance contact. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Evacuate the danger area, observe emergency procedures, consult an expert. For personal protection see section 8.

#### **Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains. Risk of explosion.

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Cover drains. Collect, bind, and pump off spills. Observe possible material restrictions (see sections 7 and 10). Take up with liquid-absorbent material (e.g. Chemizorb?). Dispose of properly. Clean up affected area.

#### Reference to other sections

# SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

#### Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

#### Hygiene measures

Immediately change contaminated clothing. Apply preventive skin protection. Wash hands and face after working with substance.

For precautions see section 2.2.

## Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

#### Storage conditions

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Air and light sensitive. Handle and store under inert gas.

#### Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

# control parameter

### Hazard composition and occupational exposure limits

Does not contain substances with occupational exposure limits.

#### **Exposure controls**

#### Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU). Safety glasses

Skin protection

This recommendation applies only to the product stated in the safety data sheet, supplied by us and for the designated use. When dissolving in or mixing with other substances and under conditions deviating from those stated in EN374 please contact the supplier of CE-approved gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, Internet: www.kcl.de).

Splash contact Material: Viton?

Minimum layer thickness: 0,7 mm Break through time: 240 min

Material tested: Vitoject? (KCL 890 / Aldrich Z677698, Size M)

**Body Protection** 

Flame retardant antistatic protective clothing.

Respiratory protection

Recommended Filter type: Filter A (acc. to DIN 3181) for vapours of organic compounds

The entrepeneur has to ensure that maintenance, cleaning and testing of respiratory protective devices are carried out according to the instructions of the producer.

These measures have to be properly documented.

Control of environmental exposure

Do not let product enter drains. Risk of explosion.

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

# Information on basic physicochemical properties

Appearance	colorless liquid
Odour	No data available
Odour Threshold	No data available
рН	No data available
Melting point/freezing point	Melting point/freezing point:< -25 °C - OECD Test Guideline 102
Initial boiling point and boiling range	107 °C at 1.013 hPa - OECD Test Guideline 103
Flash point	< 3 °C - closed cup - Regulation (EC) No. 440/2008, Annex, A.9
Evaporation rate	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available
Upper/lower flammability or explosive	Upper explosion limit: 9,9 %(V) Lower explosion limit: 1,1 %(V)
limits	
Vapour pressure	42,7 hPa at 25 °C - OECD Test Guideline 104
Vapour density	No data available
Relative density	0,86 g/cm3 at 20 °C - OECD Test Guideline 109 No data available
Water solubility	12,5 g/l at 20 °C - OECD Test Guideline 105- completely soluble
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	log Pow: 1,6 at 20 °C - OECD Test Guideline 107 - Bioaccumulation is not expected.
Autoignition temperature	185,5 °C at 10.244 hPa - ASTM E-659
Decomposition temperature	No data available
Viscosity	Viscosity, kinematic: 0,564 mm2/s at 40 °C - OECD Test Guideline 114 Viscosity, dynamic: No data
	available
Explosive properties	No data available
Oxidizing properties	No data available

# Other safety information

Surface tension 65,1 mN/m at 20 °C

- OECD Test Guideline 115

# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

## Reactivity

Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.

#### Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable under standard ambient conditions (room temperature) .

#### Possibility of hazardous reactions

Violent reactions possible with:

Oxidizing agents Acids

hydrogen peroxide hydrazines

#### Conditions to avoid

Keep away from direct sunlight. May form explosive peroxides. May form peroxides on contact with air. Heat, flames and sparks.

Warming.

#### Incompatible materials

No data available

#### Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of fire: see section 5

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

LD50 Oral - Rat - male and female - 200 - 2.000 mg/kg

(OECD Test Guideline 423)

LC50 Inhalation - Rat - male and female - 4 h - > 21,5 mg/l (OECD Test Guideline 403)

LD50 Dermal - Rat - male and female - > 2.000 mg/kg (OECD Test Guideline 402)

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin - Rabbit

Result: irritating - 4 h (OECD Test Guideline 404)

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Eyes - Rabbit Result: Eye irritation

(OECD Test Guideline 405)

#### Respiratory or skin sensitization

(OECD Test Guideline 429)

## Germ cell mutagenicity

Test Type: Ames test

Test system: Escherichia coli/Salmonella typhimurium Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation Method: OECD Test Guideline

471

Result: negative

Test Type: Mutagenicity (mammal cell test): chromosome aberration. Test system: Chinese hamster fibroblasts

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

Test Type: Micronucleus test Species: Mouse

Method: OECD Test Guideline 474 Result: negative

#### Carcinogenicity

No data available

#### Reproductive toxicity

No data available

# Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

No data available

#### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

No data available

#### **Aspiration hazard**

No data available

#### **Toxicity**

LD50 orally in Rabbit: 200 - 2000 mg/kg LD50 dermal Rat > 2000 mg/kg

# SECTION 12: Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

#### Toxicity to fish

semi-static test LC50 - Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) - > 220 mg/l - 96 h

(OECD Test Guideline 203)

#### Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

static test EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 35 mg/l - 48 h (OECD Test Guideline 202)

static test NOEC - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 20 mg/l - 48 h (OECD Test Guideline 202)

#### Toxicity to algae

static test ErC50 - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae) - > 100 mg/l - 72 h

(OECD Test Guideline 201)

static test NOEC - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae) - 2,2 mg/l - 72 h

(OECD Test Guideline 201)

static test EbC50 - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae) - > 100 mg/l - 72 h

(OECD Test Guideline 201)

#### Toxicity to bacteria

static test EC50 - activated sludge - > 100 mg/l - 3 h (OECD Test Guideline 209)

static test NOEC - activated sludge - 100 mg/l - 3 h

(OECD Test Guideline 209)

#### Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability aerobic - Exposure time 28 d

Result: ca.2 % - Not readily biodegradable. (OECD Test Guideline 301C)

#### Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

## Mobility in soil

No data available

#### Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

#### Other adverse effects

No data available

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### Waste treatment methods

#### **Product**

See www.retrologistik.com for processes regarding the return of chemicals and containers, or contact us there if you have further questions.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### **UN** number

ADR/RID: 3271 IMDG: 3271 IATA: 3271

#### **UN proper shipping name**

ADR/RID: ETHERS, N.O.S. (Cyclopentyl methyl ether) IMDG: ETHERS, N.O.S. (Cyclopentyl methyl ether) IATA: Ethers, n.o.s.

(Cyclopentyl methyl ether)

Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: 3 IMDG: 3

Packaging group

ADR/RID: II IMDG: II

Environmental hazards

IATA:

ADR/RID: no IMDG Marine pollutant: no

Special precautions for user

No data available

# SECTION 15: Regulatory information

# Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Regulations on the Safety Management of Hazardous Chemicals

China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015:Not Listed. website: https://www.mem.gov.cn/

#### Measures for Environmental Management of New Chemical Substances

Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS):Not Listed. website: https://emb.gov.ph/

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC):Not Listed. website: https://www.epa.govt.nz/

European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS): Not Listed. website: https://echa.europa.eu/

EC Inventory:Not Listed.

Chinese Chemical Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (China IECSC):Not Listed. website: https://www.mee.gov.cn/

Vietnam National Chemical Inventory:Listed. website: https://chemicaldata.gov.vn/

United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory:Listed. website: https://www.epa.gov/

Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL):Listed. website: http://ncis.nier.go.kr

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### Abbreviations and acronyms

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service

EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

IATA: International Air Transportation Association

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%

LD50: Lethal Dose 50%

RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

STEL: Short term exposure limit TWA: Time Weighted Average

#### References

[1] CAMEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple

[2] ChemlDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp

[3] ECHA - European Chemicals Agency, website: https://echa.europa.eu/

[4] eChemPortal - The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website:

http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request\_locale=en

[5] ERG - Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg

[6] Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp

[7] HSDB - Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm

[8] IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: http://www.iarc.fr/

[9] IPCS - The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home

[10] Sigma-Aldrich, website: https://www.sigmaaldrich.com/

#### Disclaimer:

The information in this MSDS is only applicable to the specified product, unless otherwise specified, it is not applicable to the mixture of this product and other substances. This MSDS only provides information on the safety of the product for those who have received the appropriate professional training for the user of the product. Users of this MSDS must make independent judgments on the applicability of this SDS. The authors of this MSDS will not be held responsible for any harm caused by the use of this MSDS.