# Chemical Safety Data Sheet MSDS / SDS

# **DICUMAROL**

Revision Date: 2023-12-07 Revision Number: 1

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### **Product identifier**

 Product name
 : DICUMAROL

 CBnumber
 : CB9224757

 CAS
 : 66-76-2

 EINECS Number
 : 200-632-9

Synonyms : Dicumarol, dicoumarol

## Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses : For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.

Uses advised against : none

# **Company Identification**

Company : Chemicalbook

Address : Building 1, Huihuang International, Shangdi 10th Street, Haidian District, Beijing

Telephone : 400-158-6606

# SECTION 2: Hazards identification

# Classification of the substance or mixture

Acute toxicity - Category 4, Oral

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, Category 1

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term (Chronic) - Category Chronic 2

### Label elements

# Pictogram(s)

Signal word Danger

### Hazard statement(s)

H302 Harmful if swallowed

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

### Precautionary statement(s)

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P264 Wash skin thouroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P314 Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

### Prevention

P264 Wash ... thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

# Response

P301+P317 IF SWALLOWED: Get medical help.

P330 Rinse mouth.

P319 Get medical help if you feel unwell.

P391 Collect spillage.

### Storage

none

### **Disposal**

P501 Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product characteristics at time of disposal.

### Other hazards

no data available

# SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

# Substance

Product name : DICUMAROL

Synonyms : Dicumarol, dicoumarol

CAS : 66-76-2
EC number : 200-632-9
MF : C19H12O6
MW : 336.3

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

# Description of first aid measures

## If inhaled

Move the victim into fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration and consult a doctor immediately. Do not use mouth to mouth resuscitation if the victim ingested or inhaled the chemical.

# Following skin contact

Take off contaminated clothing immediately. Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a doctor.

#### Following eye contact

Rinse with pure water for at least 15 minutes. Consult a doctor.

#### Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a doctor or Poison Control Center immediately.

# Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

no data available

### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

VETERINARY: Injured capillaries cannot be mended, but other measures may save the animal. Restraint & handling should be minimized. A sedative or tranquilizer may be of assistance in restraint, calming ... & reducing locomotion, thus decr tissue oxygen demand. Oxygen may be given, but manual pumping of chest is not advisable. Dyspnea may be relieved by thoracentesis. Clotting factors should be provided in form of blood transfusion (20 ml/kg, 1/2 injected quickly). Warfarin should be antagonized with slow iv injection of vitamin K1. Dogs & cats are given 5 mg/kg. This dose is repeated for 2 more days, using im route. Larger animals are given 0.5 to 1 mg/kg, & oral vitamin K1 should be admin daily for 4-6 days. The vitamin will not evoke a sudden dramatic cure; but bleeding tendency will gradually abate as clotting factors begin to be synthesized ... Menadione (vitamin K3) is not as effective as vitamin K1 ... Residual defects such as lameness or CNS signs from localized hemorrhages may disappear with gradual resorption of extravasated blood. Liver damage may be compensated by regeneration of hepatic cells. Warfarin

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

# **Extinguishing media**

Use dry chemical, carbon dioxide or alcohol-resistant foam.

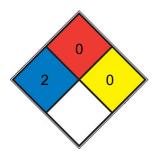
### Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

no data available

# Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

# **NFPA 704**



Intense or continued but not chronic exposure could cause temporary incapacitation or possible residual injury (e.g. <u>diethyl</u>

HEALTH 2

<u>ether</u>, ammonium phosphate, iodine)

Materials that will not burn under typical fire conditions, including intrinsically noncombustible materials such as concrete,

FIRE 0 stone, and sand. Materials that will not burn in air when exposed to a temperature of 820 °C (1,500 °F) for a period of 5 minutes.(e.g. Carbon tetrachloride)

		Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and is not reactive with water (e.g. helium, N2)
	SPEC.	
	HAZ.	

# SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing mist, gas or vapours. Avoid contacting with skin and eye. Use personal protective equipment. Wear chemical impermeable gloves. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

### **Environmental precautions**

Prevent further spillage or leakage if it is safe to do so. Do not let the chemical enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Collect and arrange disposal. Keep the chemical in suitable and closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Adhered or collected material should be promptly disposed of, in accordance with appropriate laws and regulations.

# SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

Handling in a well ventilated place. Wear suitable protective clothing. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Use non-sparking tools. Prevent fire caused by electrostatic discharge steam.

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Dicumarol should be stored in well-closed containers at a temperature below 40 degrees C (104 deg F), preferably 15 to 30 deg C (59 to 86 deg F), and kept away from direct sunlight. The manufacturer recommends storage below 25 deg C (77 deg F).

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

# **Control parameters**

Occupational Exposure limit values

no data available

**Biological limit values** 

no data available

# **Exposure controls**

Ensure adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Set up emergency exits and the riskelimination area.

# Individual protection measures

#### Eye/face protection

Wear tightly fitting safety goggles with side-shields conforming to EN 166(EU) or NIOSH (US).

### Skin protection

Wear fire/flame resistant and impervious clothing. Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Wash and dry hands. The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

### Respiratory protection

If the exposure limits are exceeded, irritation or other symptoms are experienced, use a full-face respirator.

#### Thermal hazards

no data available

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

# Information on basic physicochemical properties

Physical state	Fine Crystalline Powder
Colour	White
Odour	Slight, pleasant odor
Melting point/freezing point	290-292°C(lit.)
Boiling point or initial boiling point and	620.702°C at 760 mmHg
boiling range	
Flammability	no data available
Lower and upper explosion	no data available
limit/flammability limit	
Flash point	no data available
Auto-ignition temperature	no data available
Decomposition temperature	no data available
pH	no data available
Kinematic viscosity	no data available
Solubility	no data available
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	no data available
Vapour pressure	no data available
Density and/or relative density	1.573g/cm3
Relative vapour density	no data available
Particle characteristics	no data available

# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

# Reactivity

no data available

# **Chemical stability**

no data available

# Possibility of hazardous reactions

no data available

# Conditions to avoid

no data available

# Incompatible materials

no data available

# Hazardous decomposition products

When heated to decomposition it emits acrid smoke and fumes.

# SECTION 11: Toxicological information

# **Acute toxicity**

• Oral: LD50 Mouse oral 233 mg/kg

Inhalation: no data availableDermal: no data available

### Skin corrosion/irritation

no data available

# Serious eye damage/irritation

no data available

# Respiratory or skin sensitization

no data available

# Germ cell mutagenicity

no data available

# Carcinogenicity

no data available

# Reproductive toxicity

no data available

# STOT-single exposure

no data available

# STOT-repeated exposure

no data available

# **Aspiration hazard**

no data available

# SECTION 12: Ecological information

## **Toxicity**

Toxicity to fish: LC50 Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) 5.11 mg/l/96 hr (95% confidence limit 4.18 - 6.24 mg/l), flow-through bioassay with measured concentrations, 24.5 deg C, dissolved oxygen 7.2 mg/l, hardness 44.3 mg/l calcium carbonate, alkalinity 44.0 mg/l calcium carbonate, and pH 7.8.

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: no data available

Toxicity to algae: no data available

Toxicity to microorganisms: no data available

### Persistence and degradability

no data available

# Bioaccumulative potential

An estimated BCF of 8 was calculated for dicumarol(SRC), using a log Kow of 2.07(1) and a regression-derived equation(2). According to a classification scheme(3), this BCF suggests the potential for bioconcentration in aquatic organisms is low(SRC), provided the compound is not altered physically or chemically after released into the environment(SRP).

#### Mobility in soil

The Koc of dicumarol is estimated as 320(SRC), using a log Kow of 2.07(1) and a regression-derived equation(2). According to a classification scheme(3), this estimated Koc value suggests that dicumarol is expected to have moderate mobility in soil.

#### Other adverse effects

no data available

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

# Disposal methods

#### Product

The material can be disposed of by removal to a licensed chemical destruction plant or by controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing. Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal. Do not discharge to sewer systems.

### Contaminated packaging

Containers can be triply rinsed (or equivalent) and offered for recycling or reconditioning. Alternatively, the packaging can be punctured to make it unusable for other purposes and then be disposed of in a sanitary landfill. Controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing is possible for combustible packaging materials.

# SECTION 14: Transport information

### **UN Number**

ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

IMDG: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

IATA: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

# **UN Proper Shipping Name**

ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

IMDG: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

IATA: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

### Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

IMDG: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

IATA: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

### Packing group, if applicable

ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

IMDG: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

IATA: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

#### **Environmental hazards**

ADR/RID: Yes

IMDG: Yes

IATA: Yes

# Special precautions for user

no data available

# Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

no data available

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

# **European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)**

Listed.

**EC Inventory** 

Listed.

United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

Listed.

China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015

Not Listed.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

Listed.

**PICCS** 

Not Listed.

Vietnam National Chemical Inventory

Listed.

**IECSC** 

Not Listed

Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL)

Not Listed.

# SECTION 16: Other information

# Abbreviations and acronyms

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transportation Association

TWA: Time Weighted Average

STEL: Short term exposure limit

LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%

LD50: Lethal Dose 50%

EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

# References

IPCS - The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home

HSDB - Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: http://www.iarc.fr/

eChemPortal - The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website: http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request\_locale=en

CAMEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple

ChemlDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp

ERG - Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg

Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp

ECHA - European Chemicals Agency, website: https://echa.europa.eu/

### Disclaimer:

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