# Chemical Safety Data Sheet MSDS / SDS

# DIETHYLALUMINUM CHLORIDE

Revision Date: 2023-10-21 Revision Number: 1

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### **Product identifier**

Product name : DIETHYLALUMINUM CHLORIDE

CBnumber : CB9783672

CAS : 96-10-6

EINECS Number : 202-477-2

Synonyms : diethylaluminum chloride, DEAC

### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses : For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.

Uses advised against : none

### **Company Identification**

Company : Chemicalbook

Address : Building 1, Huihuang International, Shangdi 10th Street, Haidian District, Beijing

Telephone : 400-158-6606

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### Classification of the substance or mixture

Pyrophoric liquids, Category 1

Substances and mixtures, which in contact with water, emit flammable gases, Category 1

Skin corrosion, Sub-category 1A

### Label elements

# Pictogram(s)

Signal word Danger

### Hazard statement(s)

H225 Highly Flammable liquid and vapour

H250 Catches fire spontaneously if exposed to air

H252 Self-heating in large quantities; may catch fire

H260 In contact with water releases flammable gases which may ignite spontaneously

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H318 Causes serious eye damage

, ,

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

### Precautionary statement(s)

P223 Keep away from any possible contact with water, because of violent reaction and possible flash fire.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off Immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse SKIN with water/shower.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continuerinsing.

P405 Store locked up.

### Prevention

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P222 Do not allow contact with air.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection/...

P231+P232 Handle and store contents under inert gas/....Protect from moisture.

P223 Do not allow contact with water.

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P264 Wash ... thoroughly after handling.

#### Response

P302+P334 IF ON SKIN: Immerse in cool water or wrap in wet bandages.

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use ... to extinguish.

P302+P335+P334 IF ON SKIN: Brush off loose particles from skin. Immerse in cool water [or wrap in wet bandages].

P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P316 Get emergency medical help immediately.

P321 Specific treatment (see ... on this label).

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

### Storage

P402+P404 Store in a dry place. Store in a closed container.

P405 Store locked up.

### Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product characteristics at time of disposal.

### Other hazards

no data available

# SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### **Substance**

Product name : DIETHYLALUMINUM CHLORIDE

Synonyms : diethylaluminum chloride, DEAC

CAS : 96-10-6
EC number : 202-477-2
MF : C4H10AlCl
MW : 120.56

# SECTION 4: First aid measures

### Description of first aid measures

### If inhaled

Move the victim into fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration and consult a doctor immediately. Do not use mouth to mouth resuscitation if the victim ingested or inhaled the chemical.

### Following skin contact

Take off contaminated clothing immediately. Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a doctor.

#### Following eye contact

Rinse with pure water for at least 15 minutes. Consult a doctor.

#### Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a doctor or Poison Control Center immediately.

### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Excerpt from ERG Guide 135 [Substances - Spontaneously Combustible]: Fire will produce irritating, corrosive and/or toxic gases. Inhalation of decomposition products may cause severe injury or death. Contact with substance may cause severe burns to skin and eyes. Runoff from fire control may cause pollution. (ERG, 2016)

### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

no data available

# SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### **Extinguishing media**

Fight fire from protected location or maximum possible distance. DO NOT use water. Violent reaction may result. Use graphite powder, soda ash, or powdered sodium chloride to extinguish fire. On solvent based materials use dry chemical, foam, or carbon dioxide. Use water spray cautiously to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

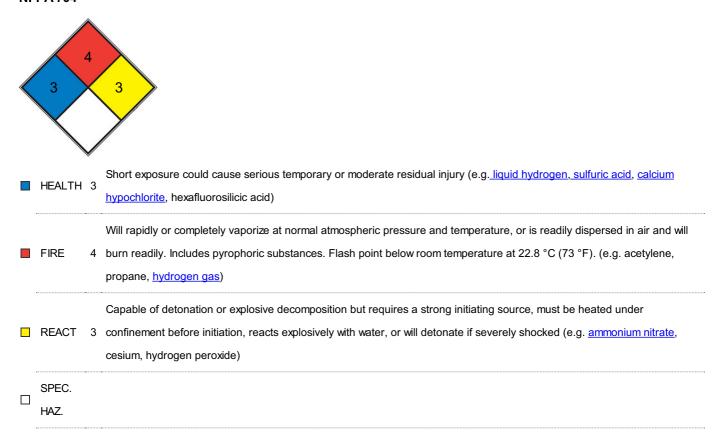
### **Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical**

Excerpt from ERG Guide 135 [Substances - Spontaneously Combustible]: Flammable/combustible material. May ignite on contact with moist air or moisture. May burn rapidly with flare-burning effect. Some react vigorously or explosively on contact with water. Some may decompose explosively when heated or involved in a fire. May re-ignite after fire is extinguished. Runoff may create fire or explosion hazard. Containers may explode when heated. (ERG, 2016)

### Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

# **NFPA 704**



# SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

# Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing mist, gas or vapours. Avoid contacting with skin and eye. Use personal protective equipment. Wear chemical impermeable gloves. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

### **Environmental precautions**

Prevent further spillage or leakage if it is safe to do so. Do not let the chemical enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

# Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Approach release from upwind. Keep water away from release. Do no use foam to blanket release or suppress vapors. Stop or control the leak, if this can be done without undue risk. control runoff and isolate discharged material for proper disposal.

# SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

Handling in a well ventilated place. Wear suitable protective clothing. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Use non-sparking tools. Prevent fire caused by electrostatic discharge steam.

Separate from oxidizing materials, acids, and alcohols, Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated location. Must be stored in a dry location. Outside or detached storage is preferred. Inside storage should be in a standard flammable liquids storage warehouse, room, or cabinet.

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Control parameters**

### Occupational Exposure limit values

Component	Diethylaluminium chloride		
CAS No.	96-10-6		
	Recommended Exposure Limit: 10-Hr Time-Weighted Avg: 10 mg/cu m (total). /Aluminum/		
	Recommended Exposure Limit: 10 Hr Time-Weighted Avg: 5 mg/cu m (resp). /Aluminum/		
	Recommended Exposure Limit: 10 Hr Time-Weighted Avg: 2 mg/cu m. /Aluminum (soluble salts and alkyls, as Al)/		
	Recommended Exposure Limit: 10 Hr Time-Weighted Avg: 5 mg/cu m. /Aluminum (pyro powders and welding fumes, as Al)/		

### **Biological limit values**

no data available

### **Exposure controls**

Ensure adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Set up emergency exits and the riskelimination area.

### Individual protection measures

### Eye/face protection

Wear tightly fitting safety goggles with side-shields conforming to EN 166(EU) or NIOSH (US).

### Skin protection

Wear fire/flame resistant and impervious clothing. Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Wash and dry hands. The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

### Respiratory protection

If the exposure limits are exceeded, irritation or other symptoms are experienced, use a full-face respirator.

### Thermal hazards

no data available

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

# Information on basic physicochemical properties

Physical state	Solution
Colour	Colorless
Odour	no data available
Melting point/freezing point	-74°C
Boiling point or initial boiling point and	
boiling range	
Flammability	no data available

Lower and upper explosion	no data available
limit/flammability limit	
Flash point	-18°C
Auto-ignition temperature	no data available
Decomposition temperature	no data available
pH	no data available
Kinematic viscosity	no data available
Solubility	Miscible with hexane.
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	no data available
Vapour pressure	3 mmHg ( 60 °C)
Density and/or relative density	0.711 (20/4℃)
Relative vapour density	0.711 (20/4°ℂ)
Particle characteristics	no data available

# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### Reactivity

Pyrophoric in air [Hawley]. Reacts violently with water, Rose(1961).

### **Chemical stability**

Closed containers may rupture violently when heated.

### Possibility of hazardous reactions

Ignites spontaneously in air.Organometallics, such as DIETHYL ALUMINUM CHLORIDE, are reactive with many other groups. Incompatible with acids and bases. Organometallics are good reducing agents and therefore incompatible with oxidizing agents. Often reactive with water to generate toxic or flammable gases. Organometallics containing halogens (fluorine, chlorine, bromine, iodine) bonded to the metal typically with generate gaseous hydrohalic acids (HF, HCI, HBr, HI) with water.

### Conditions to avoid

no data available

# Incompatible materials

Reacts violently with air and water. Reacts with oxidizing materials, water, acids, and alcohols.

### Hazardous decomposition products

When heated to decomposition it emits toxic fumes of /hydrogen chloride/.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

# **Acute toxicity**

• Oral: no data available

• Inhalation: no data available

• Dermal: no data available

# Skin corrosion/irritation

no data available

### Serious eye damage/irritation

no data available

# Respiratory or skin sensitization

no data available

# Germ cell mutagenicity

no data available

### Carcinogenicity

A4: Not classifiable as a human carcinogen. Aluminum metal and insoluble compounds

### Reproductive toxicity

no data available

### STOT-single exposure

no data available

# STOT-repeated exposure

no data available

### **Aspiration hazard**

no data available

# SECTION 12: Ecological information

# **Toxicity**

Toxicity to fish: no data available

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: no data available

Toxicity to algae: no data available

Toxicity to microorganisms: no data available

# Persistence and degradability

no data available

# Bioaccumulative potential

no data available

# Mobility in soil

no data available

#### Other adverse effects

no data available

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### Disposal methods

#### Product

The material can be disposed of by removal to a licensed chemical destruction plant or by controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing. Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal. Do not discharge to sewer systems.

### Contaminated packaging

Containers can be triply rinsed (or equivalent) and offered for recycling or reconditioning. Alternatively, the packaging can be punctured to make it unusable for other purposes and then be disposed of in a sanitary landfill. Controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing is possible for combustible packaging materials.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

### **UN Number**

ADR/RID: UN3394 (For reference only, please check.)
IMDG: UN3394 (For reference only, please check.)
IATA: UN3394 (For reference only, please check.)

### **UN Proper Shipping Name**

ADR/RID: ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, PYROPHORIC, WATER- REACTIVE (For reference only, please check.)

IMDG: ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, PYROPHORIC, WATER- REACTIVE (For reference only, please check.)

IATA: ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, PYROPHORIC, WATER- REACTIVE (For reference only, please check.)

### Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: 4.2 (For reference only, please check.)
IMDG: 4.2 (For reference only, please check.)
IATA: 4.2 (For reference only, please check.)

### Packing group, if applicable

ADR/RID: I (For reference only, please check.)
IMDG: I (For reference only, please check.)
IATA: I (For reference only, please check.)

### **Environmental hazards**

ADR/RID: No IMDG: No IATA: No

### Special precautions for user

### Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

no data available

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

### Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

**European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)** 

Listed.

**EC Inventory** 

Listed.

United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

Listed

China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015

Listed.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

Listed.

**PICCS** 

Listed.

**Vietnam National Chemical Inventory** 

Listed.

**IECSC** 

Listed.

Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL)

Listed.

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

### Abbreviations and acronyms

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transportation Association

TWA: Time Weighted Average STEL: Short term exposure limit

LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%

LD50: Lethal Dose 50%

EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

### References

IPCS - The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home

HSDB - Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: http://www.iarc.fr/

eChemPortal - The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website: http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request\_locale=en

CAMEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple

ChemlDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp

ERG - Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg

Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp

ECHA - European Chemicals Agency, website: https://echa.europa.eu/

#### Disclaimer:

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