

## Chemical Safety Data Sheet MSDS / SDS

## Trifluoroacetic anhydride

Revision Date:2023-11-29 Revision Number:1

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

## Product identifier

Product name : Trifluoroacetic anhydride  
CBnumber : CB6853606  
CAS : 407-25-0  
EINECS Number : 206-982-9  
Synonyms : tfaa,trifluoroacetic anhydride

## Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses : For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.  
Uses advised against : none

## Company Identification

Company : Chemicalbook  
Address : Building 1, Huihuang International, Shangdi 10th Street, Haidian District, Beijing  
Telephone : 400-158-6606

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

## GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Symbol(GHS)



Signal word

Danger

## Precautionary statements

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off Immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse SKIN with water/shower.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continuerinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P405 Store locked up.

## Hazard statements

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H318 Causes serious eye damage

H332 Harmful if inhaled

H402 Harmful to aquatic life

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

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## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### Substance

Product name	: Trifluoroacetic anhydride
Synonyms	: tfaa,trifluoroacetic anhydride
CAS	: 407-25-0
EC number	: 206-982-9
MF	: C4F6O3
MW	: 210.03

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## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### Description of first aid measures

#### General advice

Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

#### If inhaled

If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.

#### In case of skin contact

Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a physician.

#### In case of eye contact

Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician.

#### If swallowed

Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.

### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

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## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### Extinguishing media

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Dry powder Dry sand

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do NOT use water jet.

### Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Carbon oxides, Hydrogen fluoride Not combustible.

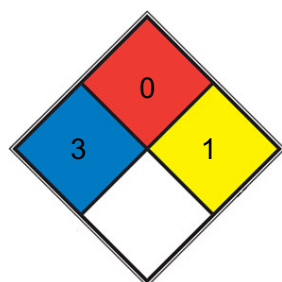
### Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

### Further information

No data available

### NFPA 704



HEALTH 3 Short exposure could cause serious temporary or moderate residual injury (e.g. [liquid hydrogen](#), [sulfuric acid](#), [calcium hypochlorite](#), hexafluorosilicic acid)

FIRE 0 Materials that will not burn under typical fire conditions, including intrinsically noncombustible materials such as concrete, stone, and sand. Materials that will not burn in air when exposed to a temperature of 820 °C (1,500 °F) for a period of 5 minutes.(e.g. Carbon tetrachloride)

REACT 1 Normally stable, but can become unstable at elevated temperatures and pressures (e.g. [propene](#))

SPEC.

HAZ.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment. Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas.

For personal protection see section 8.

### Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material and dispose of as hazardous waste. Do not flush with water. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

### Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

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## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. For precautions see section 2.2.

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Store in cool place. Never allow product to get in contact with water during storage.

Hygroscopic. Store under inert gas.

### Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

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## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### control parameter

#### Hazard composition and occupational exposure limits

Does not contain substances with occupational exposure limits.

### Exposure controls

#### Appropriate engineering controls

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

#### Personal protective equipment

##### Eye/face protection

Tightly fitting safety goggles. Faceshield (8-inch minimum). Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

##### Skin protection

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of Regulation (EU) 2016/425 and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

Full contact

Material: Nature latex/chloroprene Minimum layer thickness: 0,6 mm Break through time: 480 min

Material tested:Lapren? (KCL 706 / Aldrich Z677558, Size M)

Splash contact Material: Nitrile rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0,11 mm Break through time: 38 min

Material tested:Dermatril? (KCL 740 / Aldrich Z677272, Size M)

data source: KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, phone +49 (0)6659 87300, e-mail sales@kcl.de, test method: EN374

If used in solution, or mixed with other substances, and under conditions which differ from EN 374, contact the supplier of the CE approved gloves. This recommendation is advisory only and must be evaluated by an industrial hygienist and safety officer familiar with the specific situation of anticipated use by our customers. It should not be construed as offering an approval for any specific use scenario.

##### Body Protection

Complete suit protecting against chemicals, Flame retardant protective clothing, The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

#### Respiratory protection

Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face respirator with multi-purpose combination (US) or type AXBEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

#### Control of environmental exposure

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

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## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### Information on basic physicochemical properties

Appearance	colourless, to, light yellow clear, liquid
Odour	pungent
Odour Threshold	No data available
pH	No data available
Melting point/freezing point	Melting point/range: -65 °C - lit.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	39,5 - 40 °C - lit.
Flash point	-26 °C
Evaporation rate	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	No data available
Vapour pressure	433 hPa at 20 °C - Regulation (EC) No. 440/2008, Annex, A.4
Vapour density	No data available
Relative density	1,511 g/cm <sup>3</sup> at 20 °C - lit.
Water solubility	10.000 g/l - US-EPA - completely soluble
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	No data available
Autoignition temperature	No data available
Decomposition temperature	No data available
Viscosity	No data available
Explosive properties	No data available
Oxidizing properties	No data available

### Other safety information

Surface tension 72,5 mN/m at 1g/l at 20 °C

- OECD Test Guideline 115

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## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

## Reactivity

Reacts violently with water.

## Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

## Possibility of hazardous reactions

Reacts violently with water.

## Conditions to avoid

Exposure to moisture

## Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents, Strong acids, Strong bases, Alcohols

## Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions. - Carbon oxides, Hydrogen fluoride

Other decomposition products - No data available In the event of fire: see section 5

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# SECTION 11: Toxicological information

## Information on toxicological effects

### Acute toxicity

No data available

### Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin - In vitro study

Result: Extremely corrosive and destructive to tissue. (OECD Test Guideline 435)

Tendency of poor wound-healing after penetration of the substance.

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

(OECD Test Guideline 429)

Remarks: (in analogy to similar products)

### Germ cell mutagenicity

In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test mouse lymphoma cells

Result: negative

(in analogy to similar products)

### Carcinogenicity

IARC: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

### Reproductive toxicity

### Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

No data available

Acute oral toxicity - If ingested, severe burns of the mouth and throat, as well as a danger of perforation of the oesophagus and the stomach.

Acute inhalation toxicity - burns of mucous membranes, Cough, Shortness of breath, Inhalation may lead to the formation of oedemas in the respiratory tract., Possible damages:., damage of respiratory tract

**Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure Aspiration hazard**

**Additional Information**

RTECS: AJ9800000

Material is extremely destructive to tissue of the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract, eyes, and skin., Cough, Shortness of breath, Headache, Nausea

To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated.

Decomposition of the substance with tissue moisture. Other dangerous properties can not be excluded.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

**Toxicity**

skn-rbt 500 mg/24H SEV 28ZPAK -,91,72

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## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### **Toxicity**

#### **Toxicity to fish**

static test LC50 - Danio rerio (zebra fish) - > 999 mg/l - 96 h (OECD Test Guideline 203)

Remarks: (in analogy to similar products)

#### **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**

static test EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - > 999 mg/l - 48 h (OECD Test Guideline 202)

Remarks: (in analogy to similar products)

#### **Toxicity to algae**

static test NOEC - Phaeodactylum tricornutum - 97 mg/l - 72 h

(OECD Test Guideline 201)

Remarks: (in analogy to similar products)

static test EC50 - Phaeodactylum tricornutum - > 97 mg/l - 72 h (OECD Test Guideline 201)

Remarks: (in analogy to similar products)

#### **Toxicity to bacteria**

NOEC - activated sludge - > 1.000 mg/l - 3 h

(OECD Test Guideline 209)

Remarks: (in analogy to similar products)

EC50 - activated sludge - > 1.000 mg/l - 3 h (OECD Test Guideline 209)

Remarks: (in analogy to similar products)

### **Persistence and degradability**

Biodegradability aerobic - Exposure time 28 d

Result: 0 % - Not biodegradable (OECD Test Guideline 301D)

Remarks: (in analogy to similar products)

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

No data available

## **Mobility in soil**

## **Results of PBT and vPvB assessment**

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

## **Other adverse effects**

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Biological effects:

Harmful effect due to pH shift. Hazard for drinking water supplies.

Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

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# SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

## **Waste treatment methods**

### **Product**

Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company. Waste material must be disposed of in accordance with the Directive on waste 2008/98/EC as well as other national and local regulations. Leave chemicals in original containers. No mixing with other waste. Handle uncleaned containers like the product itself.

### **Contaminated packaging**

Dispose of as unused product.

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# SECTION 14: Transport information

## **UN number**

ADR/RID: 3265 IMDG: 3265 IATA: 3265

## **UN proper shipping name**

ADR/RID: CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S. (Trifluoroacetic anhydride)

IMDG: CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S. (Trifluoroacetic anhydride) IATA: Corrosive liquid, acidic, organic, n.o.s. (Trifluoroacetic anhydride)

## **Transport hazard class(es)**

ADR/RID: 8 IMDG: 8 IATA: 8

## **Packaging group**

ADR/RID: I IMDG: I IATA: I

## **Environmental hazards**

ADR/RID: no IMDG Marine pollutant: no IATA: no

## **Special precautions for user**



## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### Regulations on the Safety Management of Hazardous Chemicals

China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015:Listed. website: <https://www.mem.gov.cn/>

#### Measures for Environmental Management of New Chemical Substances

Chinese Chemical Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (China IECSC):Listed. website: <https://www.mee.gov.cn/>

EC Inventory:Listed.

European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS):Listed. website: <https://echa.europa.eu/>

Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL):Listed. website: <http://ncis.nier.go.kr>

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC):Listed. website: <https://www.epa.govt.nz/>

Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS):Listed. website: <https://emb.gov.ph/>

United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory:Listed. website: <https://www.epa.gov/>

Vietnam National Chemical Inventory:Listed. website: <https://chemicaldata.gov.vn/>

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## SECTION 16: Other information

### Abbreviations and acronyms

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service

EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

IATA: International Air Transportation Association

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%

LD50: Lethal Dose 50%

RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

STEL: Short term exposure limit

TWA: Time Weighted Average

### References

**[1]** CAMEO Chemicals, website: <http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple>

**[2]** ChemIDplus, website: <http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp>

**[3]** ECHA - European Chemicals Agency, website: <https://echa.europa.eu/>

**[4]** eChemPortal - The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website:

[http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request\\_locale=en](http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request_locale=en)

**[5]** ERG - Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: <http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg>

**[6]** Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: <http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp>

**[7]** HSDB - Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: <https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm>

**[8]** IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: <http://www.iarc.fr/>

**[9]** IPCS - The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: <http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home>

【10】 Sigma-Aldrich, website: <https://www.sigmaaldrich.com/>

**Disclaimer:**

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